

EVERLASTING FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP

*The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's
Official Goodwill Visits to the Soviet
Union and Other European
Socialist Countries*

EDITOR'S NOTE

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, paid official goodwill visits, at the head of a Korean Party and state delegation, to the Soviet Union, Poland, the German Democratic Republic, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Romania from May 16 to July 1, 1984

His visits to the Soviet Union and other European socialist countries were a historic event which marked a new milestone on the road of strengthening friendship and solidarity between Korea and these countries

This book contains speeches made by Comrade Kim Il Sung and by the Party and state leaders of the socialist countries during his visits, treaties of friendship and cooperation, written comments made by Comrade Kim Il Sung while inspecting factories and enterprises, rural areas and other places, the messages of thanks which he cabled to the leaders of these countries when leaving them after his visits, and other information. It also contains some of the photographs showing the official functions held during his visits, and the enthusiastic welcome overflowing with the feelings of brotherly friendship and solidarity

August 1984



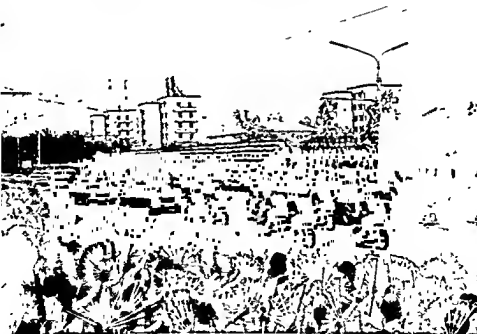
Dear Comrade Kim Jong Il warmly congratulates the great leader
Comrade Kim Il Sung on his successful foreign tour



Dear Comrade Kim Jong Il warmly congratulates the great leader
Comrade Kim Il Sung on his successful birthday tour



President Kim Il Sung poses for a photograph with Members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Party Central Committee and with those who presented a flower basket to him



More than 300,000 citizens of Chongju on both sides of a 16-km road are hailing the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on his return from his successful foreign trip

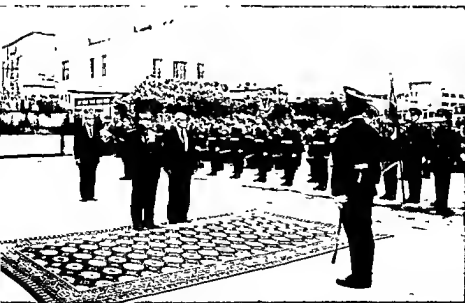
IN THE USSR:



Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, pose for a photograph



Soviet children present bunches of flowers to President Kim Il Sung as a token of best wishes



A grand welcome ceremony in honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Yaroslavl Railway Station Plaza, Moscow



the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung acknowledges the enthusiastic cheers of the crowds who are waving the flags of the two countries and bunches of flowers





Comrade Kim Il Sung lays a wreath before the Lenin Mausoleum in Red Square, Moscow



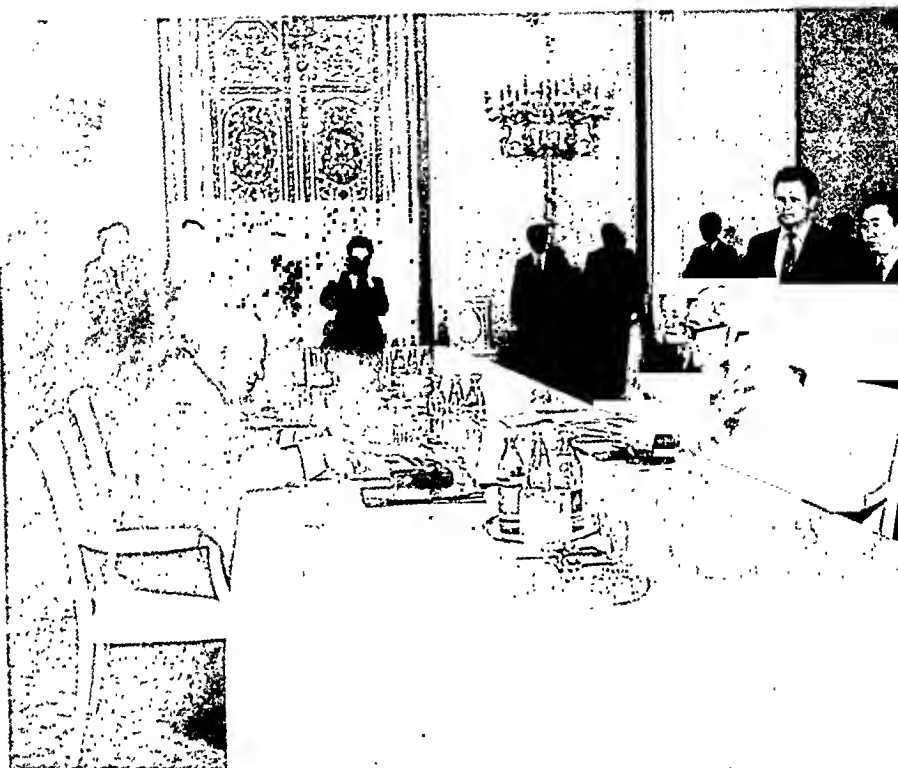
The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung lays a wreath on the Tomb of Unknown Soldier in Red Square, Moscow



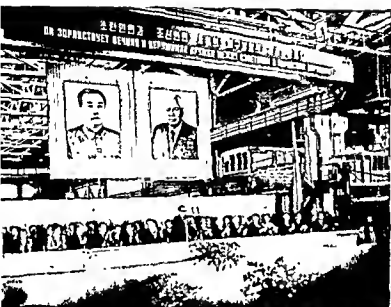
The Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR and the Soviet Government give a grand banquet in honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung in the Grand Palace of the Kremlin; Comrade Kim Il Sung comes into the banquet hall together with Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko



Talks between the two heads of states held in the Kremlin



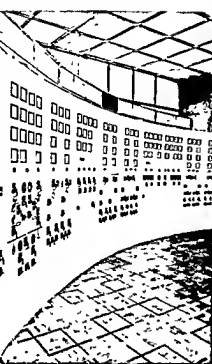
**A tete-a-tete between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade
Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko in the Kremlin**



The platform and attendants of a Soviet-Korea friendship meeting at the Moscow Automatic Line Plant named after the 50th anniversary of the formation of the Soviet Union



Before leaving Moscow Comrade Kim Il Sung poses for
a picture with Comrade K.U. Chernenko



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung inspects the Krasnoyarsk Hydraulic Power Station on his way to Moscow for an official goodwill visit to the Soviet Union



Comrade Kim Il Sung makes a written comment at the Krasnoyarsk Hydraulic Power Station



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung receives greetings from Comrade Ya. T. Novichenko and warmly embraces him at the Novosibirsk Railway Station on his way to Moscow; recollecting with deep emotion the heroic deeds of Comrade Ya. T. Novichenko formed at the venue of the 30th anniversary commemoration of the March 1 Popular Uprising at the Pyongyang Railway Station 38 years ago, he highly appreciates that Comrade Novichenko is a symbol of Korea-Soviet friendship as well as a hero

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung meets Comrade V.A. Zhotov, Chairman of a branch of the Brest City Veterans' Committee at Brest Railway Station on his way to Warsaw after his official goodwill visit to the USSR; after receiving greetings and looking at a picture taken with the man in Pyongyang in 1947, Comrade Kim Il Sung recollects with deep emotion the days when Zhotov served in Korea





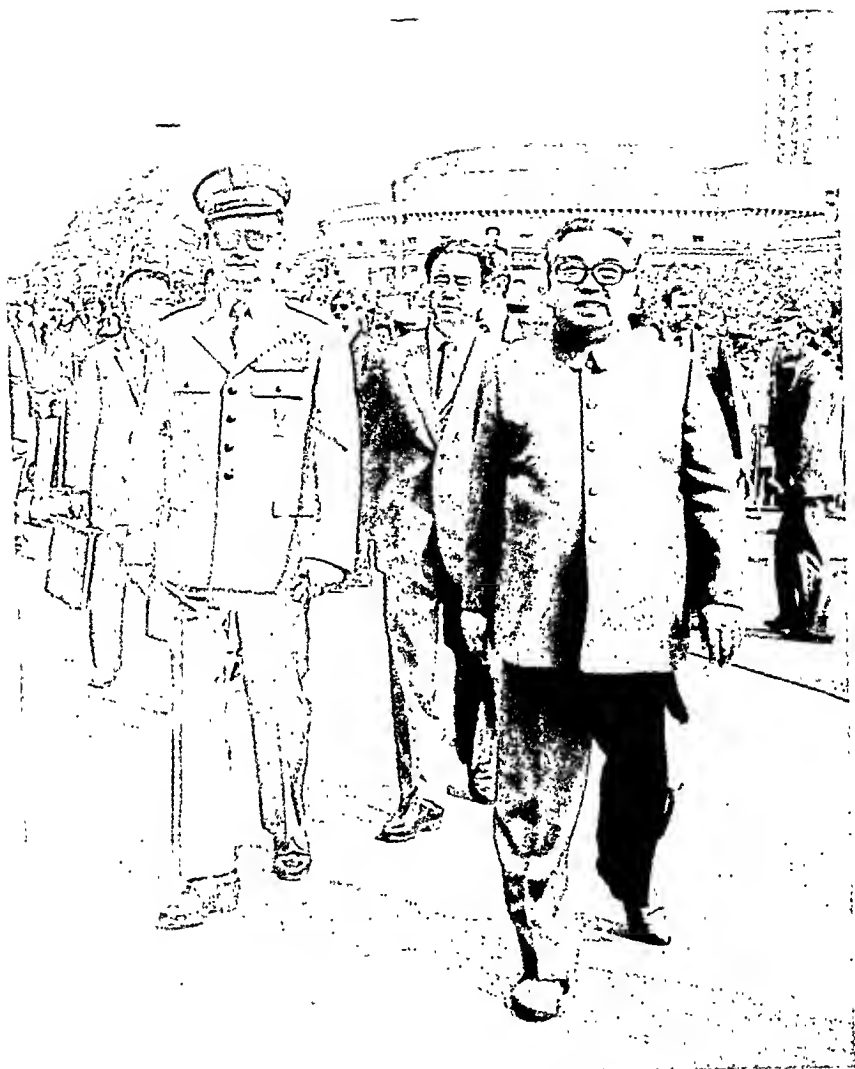
The Minsk working people lining a road over the distance of scores of kilometres warmly welcome the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung inspects a carpet factory in Ungeny on his way home after his visits to European socialist countries



Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, firmly shakes hands and warmly embraces with Comrade Wojciech Jazdzewski, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Polish People's Republic



The two heads of states walk into the railway station plaza



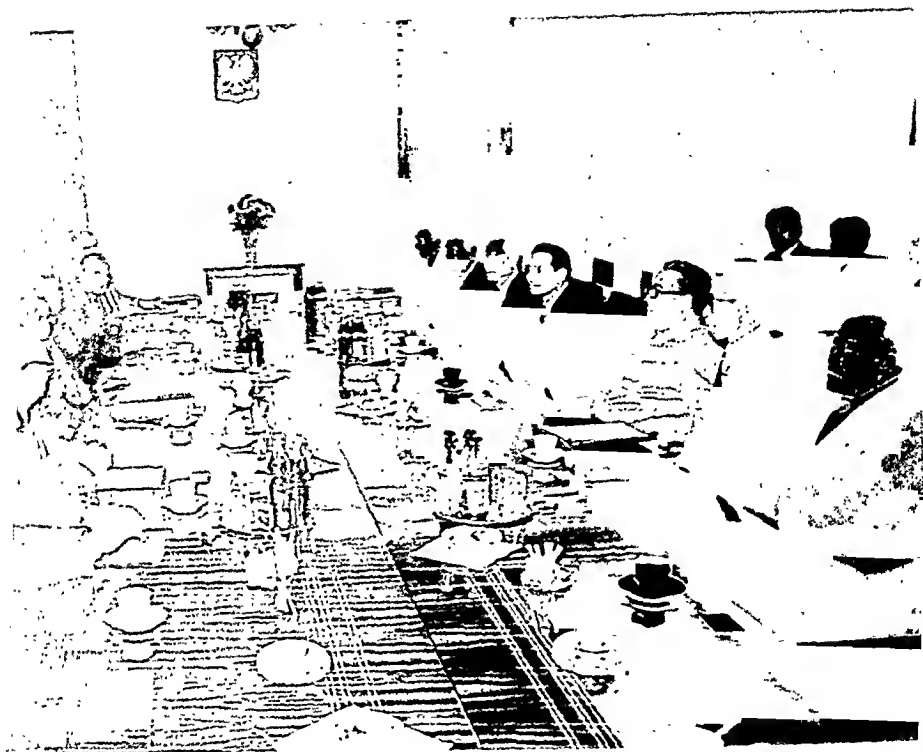
The people of Warsaw extend warm welcome to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung



After laying a wreath on the Tomb of Unknown Soldiers in Warsaw
President Kim Il Sung looks round the tomb



Comrade Kim Il Sung meets Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski and Comrade Henryk Jablonski at the guest house



Talks between the two heads of states in Warsaw



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung receives leading members and principal actors and actresses of the "Mazowsze" Song and Dance Troupe of Poland at the guest house; at the reception the deputy director and principal members of the troupe present him with a flower vase as a token of the entire members' boundless reverence for him and of their wish for his long life and good health

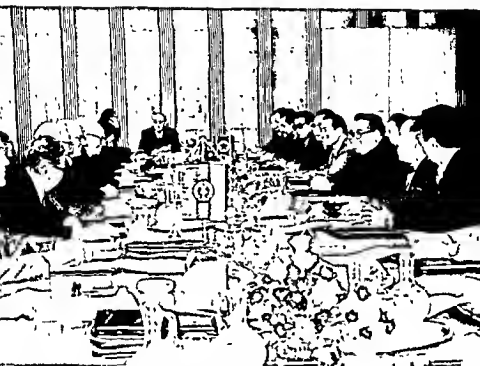
IN THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC:



Comrade Erich Honecker, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and Chairman of the State Council of the German Democratic Republic, proposes a toast to the good health and long life of Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, after heartily welcoming his official goodwill visit to the GDR



Comrade Kim Il Sung, accompanied by Comrade Erich Honecker, reviews the three-service honour guard of the National People's Army of the GDR



Talks between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Erich Honecker in Berlin

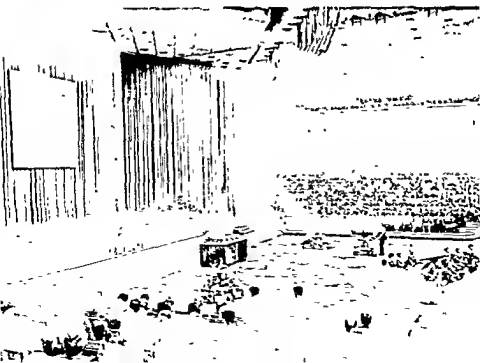


Meeting between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Erich Honecker in Berlin

Participants in the GDR-DPRK friendship mass meeting



Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Erich Honecker raise high their tightly grasped hands before the cheering assembly as a symbol of lasting, unbreakable friendship and solidarity between the peoples of the two countries





President Kim Il Sung pays a visit to the Ernst Thaelmann Young Pioneers' Palace in Berlin amidst the enthusiastic welcome of school children



After looking round the palace he makes a written comment



Comrade Kim Il Song, accompanied by Comrade Kwon Huiwon - vice director of the Agricultural Producers' Cooperative in Seodw, Frankfurt am Main, Germany.



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung visits the State-run Iron and Steel Works named after Hermann Matern



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung receives in Berlin Hans Grotewohl, the son of Comrade Otto Grotewohl, former Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the GDR



President Kim Il Sung has a chat with a worker's family in B

IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA:



Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, exchanges a firm handshake and warmly embraces with Comrade Gustav Husak, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party and President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, who has come to meet him, at Central Railway Station in Prague



Comrade Kim Il Sung, accompanied by Comrade Gustav Husak, reviews a guard of honour of the Prague Garrison Command



A 6-kilometre avenue from Central Railway Station to the Prague Palace is lined with over 100,000 cheering welcomers



Women in national costume offer bread and salt to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, which is their traditional reception of distinguished guests

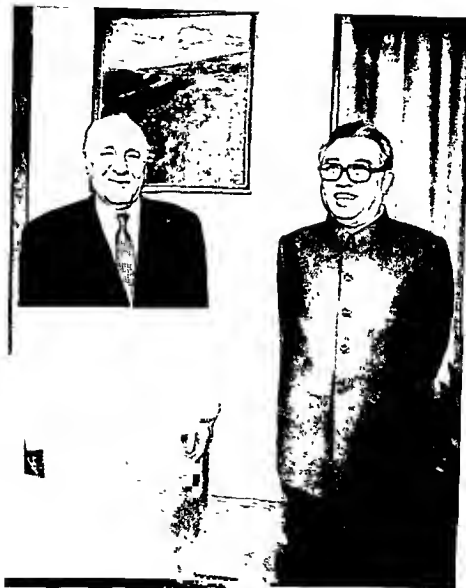


A talk between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Gustav Husak in Prague



A tete-a-tete between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Gustav Husak in Prague

IN HUNGARY:



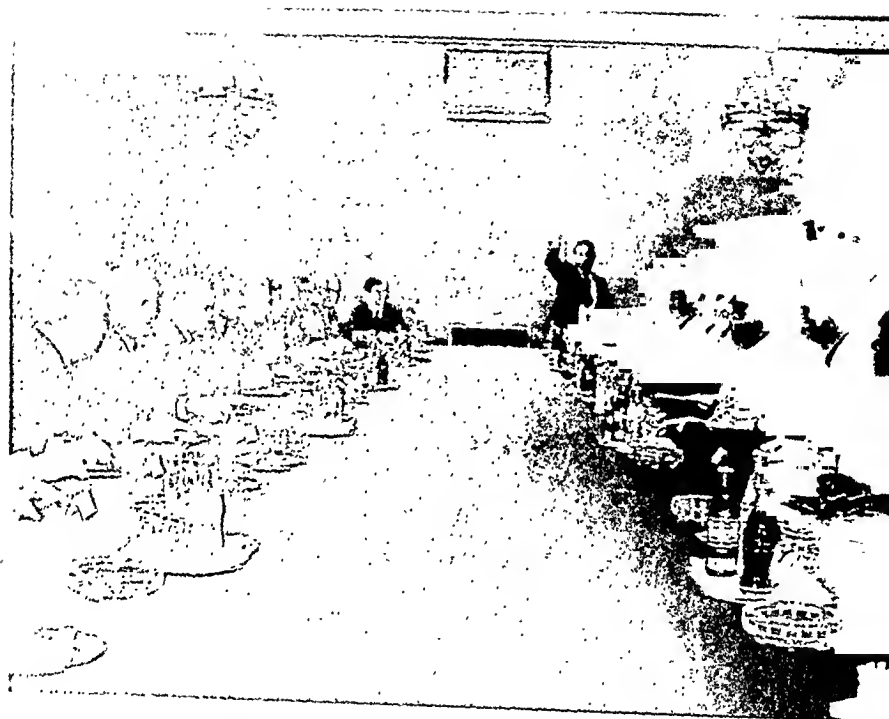
Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the DPRK, poses for a photograph with Comrade Janos Kadar, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung acknowledges the stormy cheers of the crowds, who shout "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" waving the flags of the two countries



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung lays a wreath at the foot of the Monument to Hungarian Heroes in Budapest



A talk between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Janos Kadar in Budapest



A tete-a-tete between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Janos Kadar in Budapest



Speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at a banquet
is warmly applauded by the audience



A child in Budapest presents a bouquet of fragrant flowers to President Kim Il Sung

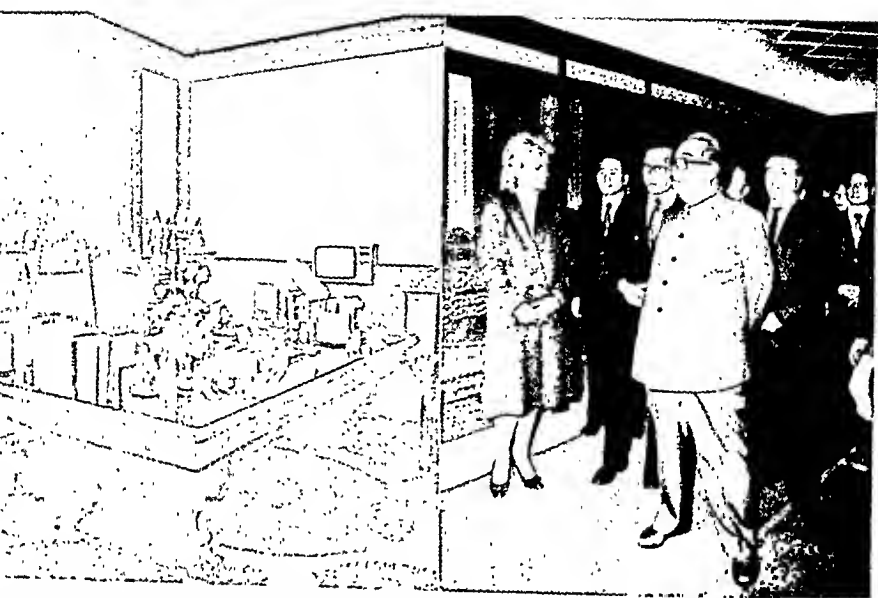
IN YUGOSLAVIA:



Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the DPRK, exchanges a firm handshake with Comrade Veselin Djuranovic, President of the Presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia



Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with Comrades Veselin Djuranovic and Dragoslav Markovic, responds to the warm welcome of the crowd



Comrade Kim Il Sung pays a visit to the Memorial Centre of Josip Broz Tito



**A talk between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade
Veselin Djuranovic in Belgrade**



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Song receives the title
of honorary citizenship of Belgrade



After receiving the title of honorary citizenship, the great
leader Comrade Kim Il Song makes a speech



Comrade Kim Il Sung talks with Comrades Veselin Djuranovic and Dragoslav Markovic in Belgrade

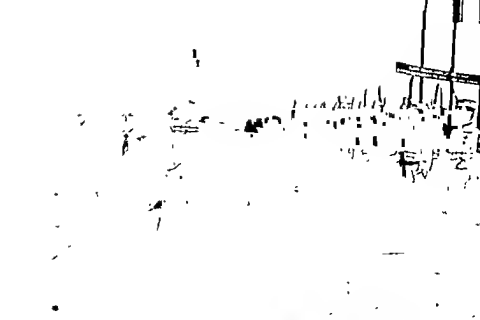


The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung plants a tree in the Friendship Park in Belgrade to mark his visit to the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

IN BULGARIA:



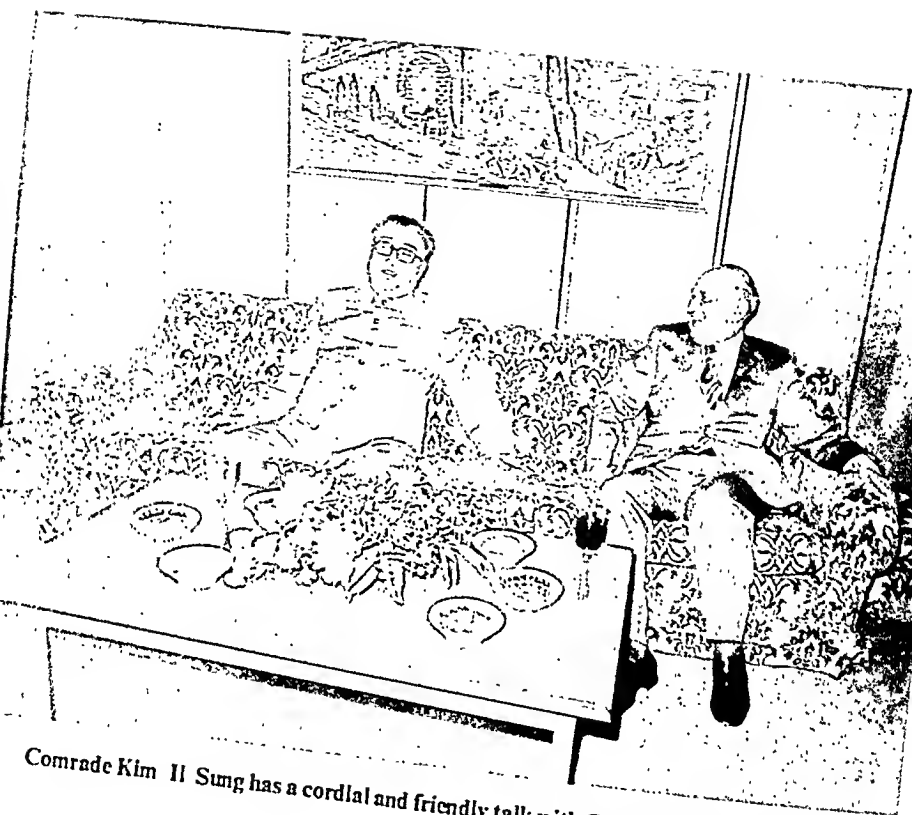
Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the DPRK, poses for a photograph with Comrade Todor Zhivkov, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic



Comrade Kim Il Sung, accompanied by Comrade Todor Zhivkov, reviews a guard of honour of the Bulgarian People's Army



The crowd warmly welcome the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung shouting hurrah



Comrade Kim Il Sung has a cordial and friendly talk with Comrade Todor Zhivkov



A talk between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Todor Zhivkov in Sofia



Comrade Kim Il Sung speaks
at a mass rally



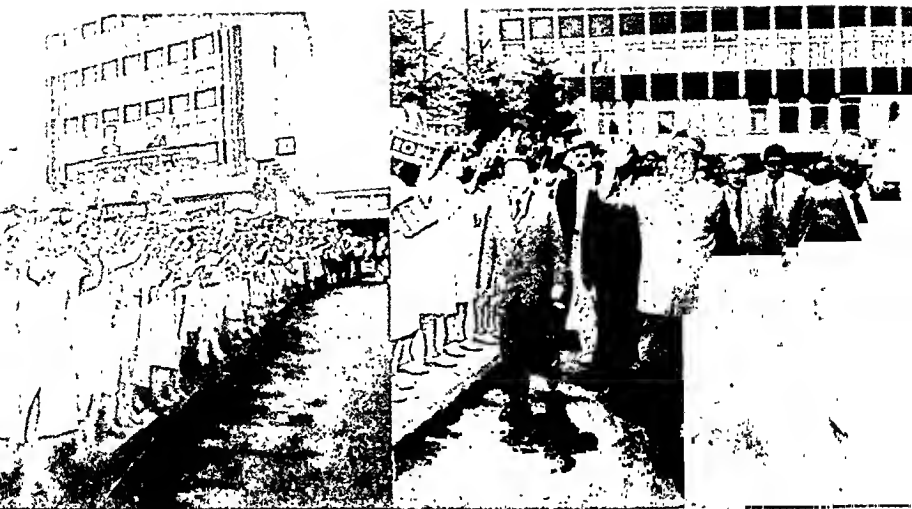
Comrade Todor Zhivkov
speaks at a mass rally



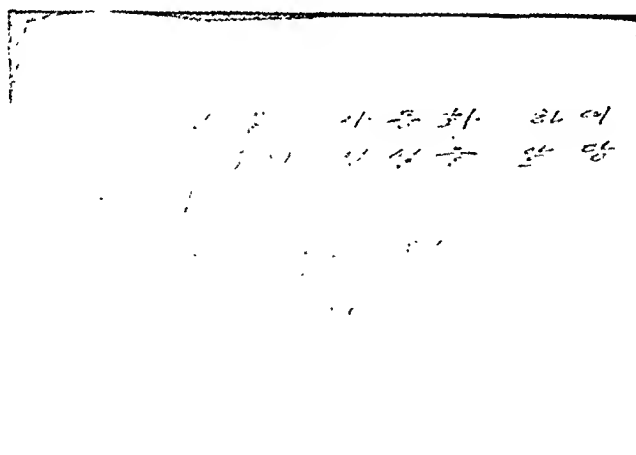
A mass rally in Sofia welcomes the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung



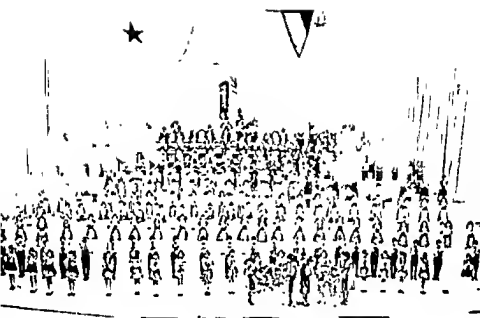
Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Todor Zhivkov sign respectively a treaty of friendship and cooperation between the DPRK and the BPR



accompanied by Comrade Todor Zhivkov, Comrade Kim Il Sung inspects the Electronic Conversion Elements Plant in Sofia



Comrade Kim Il Sung's written comment made at the Electronic Conversion Elements Plant



A grand music and dance performance is given by professional and amateur artistes from all parts of Bulgaria at the Lyudmila Zhivkova People's Palace of Culture in Sofia in honour of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung

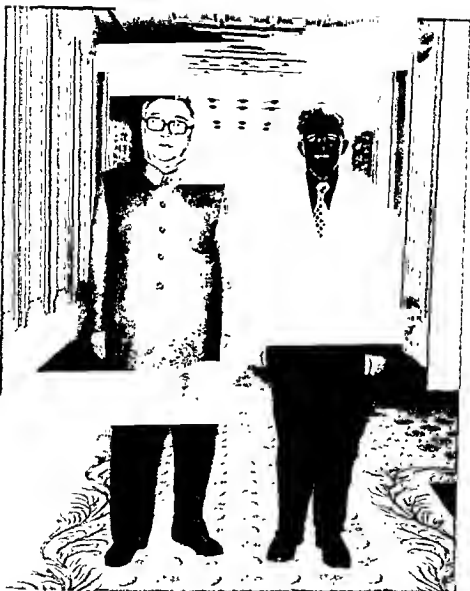


• The family of
• in our country
• it is best
• it is best

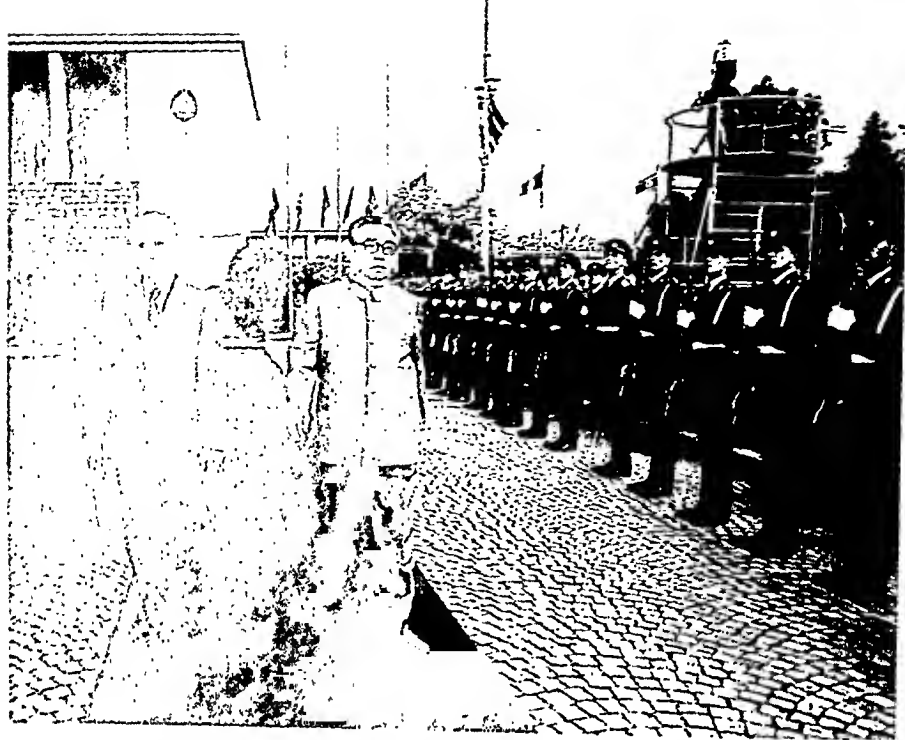


The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung meets Georgi Anastasov, former principal of the "Kim Il Sung Institute" in Bulgaria, and his wife, and Vasilka Nikiforova whom he met during his visit to Bulgaria in 1956, and her family

IN ROMANIA:



Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, has a photograph taken with Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Romanian Socialist Republic



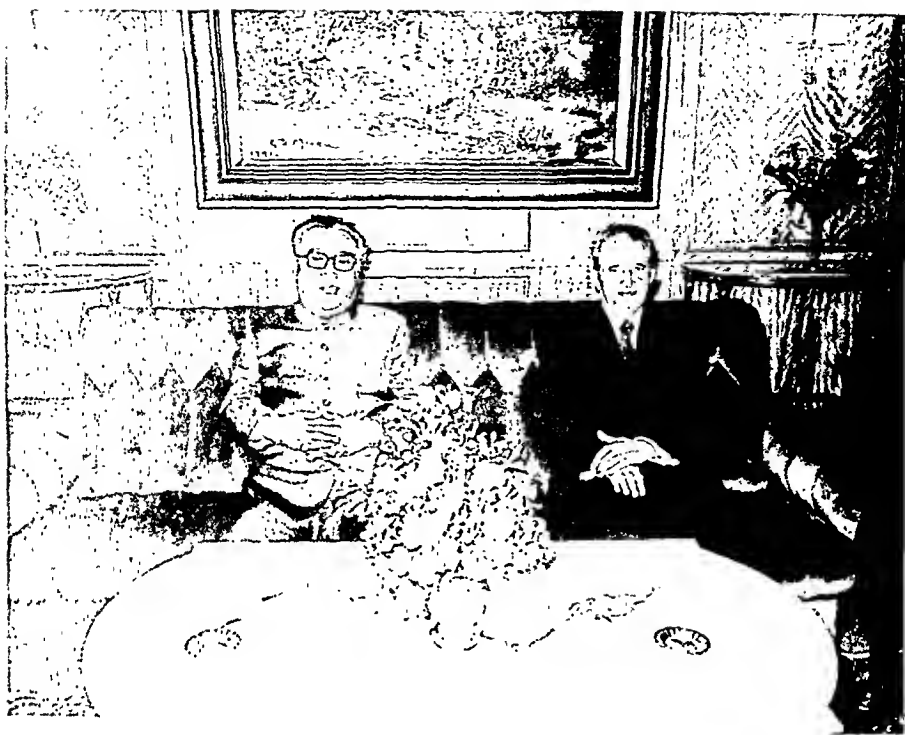
Comrade Kim Il Sung, accompanied by Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu, reviews a guard of honour of the Romanian People's Army



The greeting and course of thousands of people greet the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as he walks through the streets of Pyongyang.



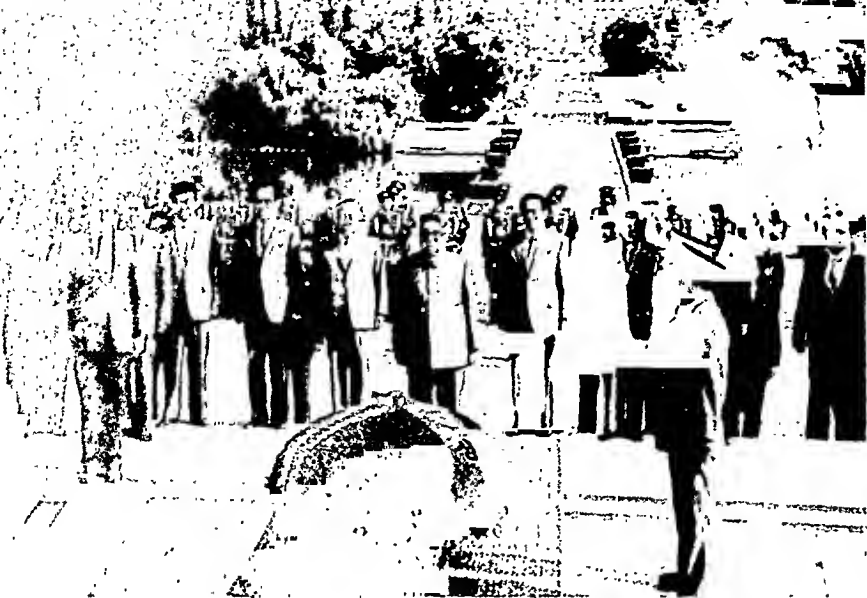
Swaying crowds on both sides of an avenue stretching over a long distance welcome the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.



Comrade Kim Il Sung makes a courtesy call on Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu and has a cordial and friendly talk with him



talk between Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu in Bucharest



The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung lays a wreath at the foot of the Memorial of the Heroes of the Struggle for the Liberty of the People and the Homeland and for Socialism, in Bucharest

**The hall of Romania-Korea
friendship mass meeting**



After their speeches, Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu raise their tightly grasped hands as an expression of eternal militant friendship and solidarity between the two peoples





The working people in Iasi send up enthusiastic cheers,
waving the flags of Korea and Romania

EVERLASTING FRATERNAL FRIENDSHIP

**The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's
Official Goodwill Visits to the Soviet
Union and Other European
Socialist Countries**

CONTENTS

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE USSR

| | |
|--|----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics | |
| <i>May 23, 1984</i> | 3 |
| Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko's Speech at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics | |
| <i>May 23, 1984</i> | 8 |
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to the Soviet Union | 14 |
| On His Visit to the Krasnoyarsk Hydraulic Power Station | |
| <i>May 20, 1984</i> | 14 |
| On His Tour of the Minsk Tractor Plant Named after Lenin | |
| <i>May 26, 1984</i> | 14 |
| Messages of Thanks | 15 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE POLISH PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

| | |
|--|----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski | |
| <i>May 28, 1984</i> | 21 |

| | |
|--|----|
| Speech of Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung <i>May 28, 1984</i> | 26 |
| A Message of Thanks | 31 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

| | |
|---|----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by Comrade Erich Honecker <i>May 30, 1984</i> | 35 |
| Speech of Comrade Erich Honecker at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung <i>May 30, 1984</i> | 40 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the GDR-DPRK Friendship Mass Meeting <i>June 1, 1984</i> | 45 |
| Speech of Comrade Erich Honecker at the GDR-DPRK Friendship Mass Meeting <i>June 1, 1984</i> | 52 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Erich Honecker <i>June 1, 1984</i> | 62 |
| Speech of Comrade Erich Honecker at the Banquet Given by Comrade Kim Il Sung <i>June 1, 1984</i> | 66 |
| The Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation between the DPRK and the GDR | 69 |
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to the GDR | 73 |

| | |
|---|----|
| After His Inspection of the Brandenburg Gate and the GDR Border <i>May 30, 1984</i> | 73 |
| On His Visit to the Ernst Thaelmann Young Pioneers' Palace <i>May 30, 1984</i> | 73 |
| On His Tour of the Golzow Agricultural Producers' Cooperative <i>May 31, 1984</i> | 73 |
| After Inspecting the State-run Iron and Steel Works Named after Hermann Matern <i>May 31, 1984</i> | 74 |
| At the Oxygen Blowing Converter Shop of the State-run Iron and Steel Works Named after Hermann Matern <i>May 31, 1984</i> | 74 |
| After Seeing Mt. Basten, a Scenic Spot of the GDR <i>June 3, 1984</i> | 74 |
| At the Gohrnisch Cabinet Guest House in Dresden <i>June 3, 1984</i> | 75 |
| A Message of Thanks | 76 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE CZECHOSLO- VAK SOCIALIST REPUBLIC

| | |
|--|----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, the President and the Government of the CSR <i>June 4, 1984</i> | 81 |
| Speech of Comrade Gustav Husak at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung <i>June 4, 1984</i> | 86 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Address to the Prague City Mass Meeting <i>June 6, 1984</i> | 90 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| Comrade Gustav Husak's Address to the Prague City Mass Meeting to Welcome Comrade Kim Il Sung | 97 |
| <i>June 6, 1984</i> | |
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to Czechoslovakia | 103 |
| After Laying Wreaths before the Tombs of Unknown Soldiers and Klement Gottwald in Prague | |
| <i>June 4, 1984</i> | 103 |
| During His Call at the Old Prague City Hall | |
| <i>June 4, 1984</i> | 103 |
| During His Inspection of the Assembling Shop at the Avia Automobile Enterprise | |
| <i>June 6, 1984</i> | 103 |
| After Inspecting the Avia Automobile Enterprise | |
| <i>June 6, 1984</i> | 104 |
| At the Prague Palace | |
| <i>June 6, 1984</i> | 104 |
| A Message of Thanks | 105 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE HUNGARIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

| | |
|--|-----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, the Presidential Council and the Council of Ministers of the HPR | 109 |
| <i>June 7, 1984</i> | |
| Speech of Comrade Janos Kadar at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung by the CC of the HSWP, the Presidential Council and the Council of Ministers of the HPR | |
| <i>June 7, 1984</i> | 114 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to Hungary | 118 |
| At the Government Guest House in King Bela Street June 8, 1984 | 118 |
| On a Hungarian Train When He Left Hungary June 9, 1984 | 118 |
| A Message of Thanks | 119 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA

| | |
|--|-----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by President of the Presidency of the SFRY June 9, 1984 | 123 |
| Speech of Comrade Veselin Djuranovic at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung June 9, 1984 | 127 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by President of the Presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia June 10, 1984 | 131 |
| Speech of Comrade Dragoslav Markovic at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung June 10, 1984 | 135 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Ceremony of Awarding the Title of Honorary Citizenship of Belgrade June 11, 1984 | 138 |
| Speech of Comrade Bogdan Bogdanovic at the Ceremony of Awarding the Title of Honorary Citizenship of Belgrade June 11, 1984 | 140 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to Yugoslavia | 142 |
| After Laying a Wreath on the Grave of Tito | |
| June 9, 1984 | 142 |
| After Planting a Memorial Tree in the Friendship Park in Belgrade | |
| June 11, 1984 | 142 |
| In the Conference Room of the City Assembly after Receiving the Title of the Honorary Citizenship of Belgrade | |
| June 11, 1984 | 142 |
| A Message of Thanks | 143 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE BULGARIAN PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC

| | |
|--|-----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by Comrade Todor Zhivkov | |
| June 15, 1984 | 147 |
| Speech of Comrade Todor Zhivkov at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung | |
| June 15, 1984 | 152 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Address to the Sofia City Mass Meeting | |
| June 16, 1984 | 157 |
| Comrade Todor Zhivkov's Address to the Sofia City Mass Meeting to Welcome Comrade Kim Il Sung | |
| June 16, 1984 | 163 |
| The Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation between the DPRK and the BPR | 171 |
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to Bulgaria | 175 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| After His Inspection of the Electronic Conversion Elements Plant <i>June 16, 1984</i> | 175 |
| At the Lyudmila Zhivkova People's Palace of Culture <i>June 16, 1984</i> | 175 |
| At the History Museum in Pravets <i>June 17, 1984</i> | 175 |
| At the Old Home of Comrade Todor Zhivkov <i>June 17, 1984</i> | 176 |
| A Message of Thanks | 177 |

THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL VISIT TO THE ROMANIAN SOCIALIST REPUBLIC

| | |
|--|-----|
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Speech at the Banquet Given by Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu <i>June 18, 1984</i> | 181 |
| Speech of Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu at the Banquet Given in Honour of Comrade Kim Il Sung <i>June 18, 1984</i> | 185 |
| Comrade Kim Il Sung's Address to the Romania-Korea Friendship Mass Meeting <i>June 20, 1984</i> | 190 |
| Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu's Address to the Romania-Korea Friendship Mass Meeting <i>June 20, 1984</i> | 197 |
| The Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Written Comments during His Visit to Romania | 206 |
| On His Visit to the "23 August" Enterprise <i>June 20, 1984</i> | 206 |
| A Message of Thanks | 207 |

SUPPLEMENTS

The Itinerary of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Tour of the
USSR and Other European Socialist Countries 211

The Chart of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's Journey to the
USSR and Other European Socialist Countries 223

**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE UNION OF
SOVIET SOCIALIST
REPUBLICS**

**COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT THE BANQUET
GIVEN BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION
AND THE PRESIDUM OF THE SUPREME
SOVIET AND THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE UNION OF SOVIET
SOCIALIST REPUBLICS**

May 23, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko,
Esteemed leaders of the Soviet Party and Government,
Comrades and friends,

Today we are very pleased to have this fruitful meeting with the leaders of the Soviet Party and Government and share comradely friendship with them, on our arrival in Moscow, the capital of the Soviet Union, a close neighbour of ours and the land of our old comrades-in-arms.

We have had a happy and pleasant journey from the very moment of our entry into the land of the Soviet Union, thanks to the deep attention and warm hospitality shown us by the Soviet comrades. During our journey to Moscow across the vast land of Siberia, we have witnessed and been deeply impressed by the magnificent struggle of the Soviet people to build socialism and communism.

I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to you for your kind reception and to Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko for the excellent speech of unbounded friendship he has made here. Also I would like to convey warm fraternal greetings from our Party, Government and people to the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, the Soviet Government and the Soviet people.

We are making this visit with a noble desire to further consolidate and develop the traditional friendship between Korea and the Soviet Union, to learn from the valuable success and from the greater experience gained by the Soviet people in their building of socialism, and also to extend and develop on a higher plane the exchanges and cooperation between the two countries.

Korea and the Soviet Union are friendly neighbours which share the same river as their border. The Korean and Soviet peoples are class brothers and close comrades-in-arms who have fought together for their common ideals and aims for a long time.

Korea-Soviet friendship is based on the unbreakable class alliance and comradeship and has a long historical tradition.

Under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, the communists and the peoples of our two countries have long fought shoulder to shoulder against imperialist aggression and colonialist oppression and closely supported each other and cooperated for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism. The relations of friendship and cooperation between Korea and the Soviet Union have developed right down until the present time in the interests of the two peoples and as required by the cause of socialism and communism.

In the past, the Soviet people shed their blood in helping our people to liberate our country. Both in the period of the Fatherland Liberation War against US imperialist aggression and in the difficult years of postwar reconstruction, they gave us material and moral support and encouragement. And still today, they are giving active support and assistance to our people in the struggle for socialist construction and for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country. Our people always remember it and feel grateful for it.

The Soviet Union is the homeland of Leninism and the first socialist state in the world.

Under the banner of Leninism, the Soviet people repelled imperialist aggression, crushed the resistance of the domestic counter-revolutionary forces and pioneered an untrodden path to socialism. By a long-drawn-out arduous struggle they have built their country into the developed socialist power which it is today.

Today, under the leadership of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union headed by Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko, the Soviet people are registering great results in their efforts to win the cause of socialism and communism by implementing the decisions of the 26th Party Congress and of the recent plenary meetings of the Party Central Committee.

Just as they would for their own achievements, the Korean people rejoice over the success of the Communist Party and people of the Soviet Union in the revolution and construction and heartily wish them even brighter victories in their future struggle to complete the building of a developed socialist society.

Comrades and friends,

The burning issue which confronts mankind today is to prevent a new world war and to safeguard peace

Today the international situation is very tense because of the adventurous power politics pursued by imperialists and their war manoeuvrings, and the danger of a new war is growing daily on this planet.

It is the most important and urgent concern that the peoples of the socialist countries and all the progressive people in other parts of the world fight unwaveringly to prevent a new world war and safeguard peace.

The Communist Party, Government and people of the Soviet Union are fighting resolutely for peace and security in Europe and the rest of the world against the imperialists' aggressive policies and their plots to provoke a new war.

The Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of our Republic actively support the just stand and measures taken by the Communist Party and Government of the Soviet Union to ease the international tension and to remove the danger of a new world war, a thermonuclear war, and express their firm solidarity with the Soviet people in their struggle to implement these measures.

In order to ease the international tension and prevent a new global war, it is important to dispel the tension in Asia and particularly, in the Korean peninsula.

With a view to lessening the tension and averting a war in the Korean peninsula, the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of our

Republic constantly maintain the policy of peaceful national reunification.

Recently our Party and the Government of our Republic made a new proposal for tripartite talks between the DPRK, the United States and south Korea, precisely for the basic purpose of easing the tension and removing the danger of war from the Korean peninsula and thus creating a situation and precondition for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Today the governments and peoples of the Soviet Union and many other countries actively support our proposals for peaceful national reunification and for tripartite talks.

We firmly believe that the cause of the reunification of the country, which is our nation's supreme desire, will be accomplished in a peaceful way, with active support and encouragement from the fraternal Soviet people and the progressive people of the world.

Communism represents the bright future of mankind, and the building of a socialist and communist society is the most important revolutionary task of the Parties and states of socialist countries.

In order to promote the successful building of socialism and communism, the socialist countries must properly enlist the creative abilities of their own peoples and, at the same time, strengthen their international solidarity and cooperation.

The might of socialism consists in solidarity and cooperation. Only when they strengthen solidarity and cooperation can each of the socialist countries thwart the economic blockade and all obstructive moves of the imperialists, and ensure success in building socialism. Only then can all the socialist forces counter the allied imperialist forces with their unbreakable strength of unity and solidarity.

Our Party and Government attach great importance to solidarity and cooperation with the brotherly socialist countries. They are striving to consolidate and develop them still further and are struggling to contribute to strengthening the socialist forces as a whole, by building socialism successfully in our country.

Our Party and Government will, in the future, steadily develop friendship, solidarity and cooperation with the Soviet Union and other

socialist countries, for the successful building of socialism in our country and for the further consolidation of all the socialist forces.

We hope that during this visit we shall have candid discussions with the Soviet Party and state leaders on effective ways of expanding and developing the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries in all fields and in every way, the current international situation and other matters of common concern, and that comradeship and confidence in each other will be further promoted.

I firmly believe that our visit to the Soviet Union will bear good fruit to meet the expectations of the Korean and Soviet peoples, and will mark a turning point in developing the traditional Korea-Soviet friendship still further

With great pleasure at our meeting the Soviet Party and Government leaders, our intimate friends, on this joyful occasion, I would like to propose a toast

to everlasting friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Soviet peoples,

to the strengthening and development of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the prosperity of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,

to the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement,

to world peace,

to the good health of esteemed Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko,

to the good health of Party and Government leaders of the Soviet Union, and

to the good health of comrades and friends present here

**COMRADE KONSTANTIN USTINOVICH CHERNENKO'S
SPEECH AT THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF
COMRADE KIM IL SUNG BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION
AND THE PRESIDUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET
AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNION OF
SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS**

May 23, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Esteemed Korean friends,
Dear comrades,

On behalf of the Central Committee of the CPSU, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR and the Soviet Government allow me to welcome you once again in the Grand Kremlin Palace.

Strong historical bonds of friendship link our peoples and countries. We Soviet people remember the heroic deeds of the Korean partisans, who waged a courageous struggle against the Japanese enslavers in difficult conditions. We jointly fought against Japanese militarism during the hard years of the Second World War. Thousands of Soviet servicemen fell in the fighting for the freedom and independence of Korea. The peoples of our countries hold sacred the memory of them.

We were together with the fraternal Korean people in its struggle against the aggression of United States imperialism, helped overcome the destructive consequences of that aggression. Our countries have built and continue building a socialist society in close cooperation.

Twenty-three years ago, a Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Assistance was signed here in the Moscow Kremlin. It has become

a reliable foundation for the development of North Korea and an important factor in peace and security in the Far East.

The Korean Workers' Party, guided by the Workers' Party of Korea, its Central Committee with Comrade Kim Il Sung at its head, has scored major successes in building socialism. The Republic has developed industry and heavy industry's infrastructure. The culture and well-being of the population are rising. The Soviet people are proud of the achievements of the Korean people.

It can be said with a feeling of satisfaction that Soviet-Korean relations are developing successfully in the important spheres of economic construction, economic and growing contacts in the field of culture, science and education are widening.

Of course, the possibilities of our cooperation are far from being exhausted. It can be further extended not only in the economic field. Exchanges of experience in Party and state work and interaction in the sphere of international relations are becoming, we believe, ever more important now.

We attach much importance to the forthcoming talks. They will undoubtedly help to raise the Soviet-Korean ties to a new stage. I would like to stress here once again that the CPSU Central Committee and the Soviet Government will continue exerting efforts to consolidate our cooperation on the basis of the principles of Marxism-Leninism and socialist internationalism.

Comrades, the Soviet people well know and understand the fundamental national problem for whose solution the Korean people is struggling perseveringly. It is the problem of reunifying a country which has been split up through the fault of American imperialism.

The Soviet Union consistently stands for Korea to be reunified by peaceful means, on a democratic basis, after the withdrawal of American troops from south Korea. This is our firm and invariable position. We support the DPRK's important initiatives which provide for signing a peace treaty instead of the existing armistice agreement, adopting a declaration on non-aggression between north and south, carrying out mutual reductions of armed forces and making the Korean peninsula into a nuclear-weapons-free zone. To realize these proposals is substantially a

ameliorate the situation in Korea and create favourable conditions for productive dialogue between north and south.

The forces of imperialism and reaction are throwing up additional obstacles on the way to a just solution to the Korean question which is sufficiently complicated per se. These include the buildup of the US armed contingent in the south of Korea and the shows of American military might, which have been growing in scope with every passing year and which involve combat units of also south Korea and Japan. I should say that we are seriously worried by such a dangerous seat of military tension close to the state borders of the Soviet Union.

For the imperialists the Asian continent is another, eastern, front of struggle against socialist states. The United States has spun a web of military bases and strongpoints there and deployed nuclear weapons. Lying within the range of these weapons is not only the territory of the Soviet Union but also the territories of other socialist, and not only socialist, states in Asia and the Pacific. It should be recalled that it is the Asian continent that has become the first testing range where the United States has made combat applications of nuclear weapons.

"Divide and rule" is a traditional method of the colonizers. Nowadays the imperialists are continuing to apply the tactics of disuniting peoples and setting one country against another. In spite of what appears to be instructive experience of the disgraceful collapse of such anti-communist alliances as CENTO and SEATO, they are again trying to forge militarist axes and triangles like the Washington-Tokyo-Seoul bloc. We are against such geopolitics, against all manner of "spheres of influence" and "zones of interests", against closed military groupings anywhere and in the Pacific, in particular. The latter belongs to all, it can and must become an ocean of peace and good neighbourliness, which would bring the peoples close together rather than separate them.

And isn't the US policy of reviving and strengthening Japanese militarism destabilizing the situation in Asia? They in Washington do not conceal their intentions to convert Japan into a kind of their "unsinkable

aircraft carrier" This is a dangerous game, since Japanese imperialism has on more than one occasion now revealed its expansionist's, colonizer's essence and has on more than one occasion unleashed war. In Tokyo, in the meantime, revanchist notes are again being struck and territorial claims laid Attempts to repeat history, and on a more dangerous basis at that, in the age of nuclear weapons cannot but make the Asian states apprehensive These attempts do not augur anything good for Japan either.

The peoples of Asia have different histories and different social systems, but their basic interests can be brought to a common denominator which is the desire for peace and good neighbourly relations, the renunciation of the use of force, the settlement of contentious issues and conflicts by peaceful means, equality and independence, respect for sovereignty and the inviolability of the borders, non-interference in domestic affairs, the development of economic and other cooperation on the basis of mutual benefit, and an independent free choice of the road of social development On such principles, we are sure, the peoples of Asia can find a common language

The Soviet Union is consistently in favour of starting an active, conscientious search for ways to improve the situation in the Asian continent without wasting precious time. As is known, the 26th Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union proposed that talks be conducted on confidence-building measures in the Far East with all interested countries Implementation of such measures would substantially help consolidate the foundations of universal peace.

Well-known are the DPRK's peace initiatives directed at lessening tension in Korea, in the Far East The world public positively assessed the proposal advanced by the Mongolian People's Republic that a convention be concluded on mutual non-aggression and non-use of force in relations between states in Asia and the Pacific We fully approve of the constructive stance and peace initiatives of Vietnam, Laos and Kampuchea which, courageously opposing attacks from imperialism and hegemonism in Southeast Asia, call for mutual understanding and normalization of relations between states of the region, for its transformation into a zone of peace and stability. The non-aligned movement

advances quite a few useful and constructive ideas.

We think that such a factor as relations between the Soviet Union and China is also very essential for the development of the situation in the Asian continent. Our country consistently favours their normalization and improvement, but, naturally, not at the expense of third countries. Progress in Soviet-Chinese relations, the PRC's participation in the people's struggle to prevent war would, undoubtedly, facilitate the growth of the role of socialism in international affairs, consolidation of the positions of forces committed to peace.

We are far from thinking that Asian problems can be resolved within a brief period with the help of single conference or agreement. Still, a beginning must be made. As a Korean proverb has it, a journey of one thousand ri starts with the first step.

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,

Esteemed Korean friends,

Staying in our country, you were able to see that all the aspirations of Soviet people are directed towards peaceful construction.

In the international arena, our chief efforts are directed at blocking the road to imperialism's extremely dangerous policy, stopping the arms race and ensuring a peaceful life for peoples. The Soviet Union does not seek military superiority. At the same time, it will never allow that its defence capabilities be below the level necessary for repulsing any aggression. We will be able to defend our historic accomplishments, our state interests, as well as the interests and security of our allies. No one should have any doubts about that.

These are complicated and tense times. And it has never been so important that all forces of peace and progress—countries of socialism, Communist and Workers' Parties, national liberation, anti-imperialist movements—act in unity and cohesion.

From the bottom of our hearts we wish the Korean people new big achievements in fulfilling the plans of socialist construction, advanced by the Workers' Party of Korea. We wish that the Korean people were united into one peace-loving democratic state.

Let me propose a toast:

to the consolidation and development of friendship and cooperation

between the Soviet and Korean peoples, the Parties and Governments of our countries,

to the unity between the USSR and the DPRK in building a new society, defending peace and people's security,

to the health and successes of General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, President of the Republic Comrade Kim Il Sung,

to the health of the members of the Party and state delegation of the DPRK,

to the health of all the comrades present here.

**THE GREAT LEADER COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S
WRITTEN COMMENTS DURING HIS
VISIT TO THE SOVIET UNION**

*On His Visit to the Krasnoyarsk Hydraulic Power
Station on May 20, 1984;*

**I wish you renewed success in your future struggle for
the building of a developed socialist society in the Soviet
Union where Lenin's idea of the electrification of the
country is being translated into reality.**

*On His Tour of the Minsk Tractor Plant Named after
Lenin on May 26, 1984;*

**I congratulate you on your success and wish that you
will further promote the honour of this plant named after
Lenin.**

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

Moscow

May 27, 1984

Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko
General Secretary of the CC of the CPSU
President of the Presidium of the Supreme
Soviet of the USSR

We are leaving your country after our visit during which we appreciated the warm welcome and hospitality accorded us by the Communist Party, Government and people of the Soviet Union.

Through meetings and talks with you during our stay, we further deepened comradely friendship and mutual understanding and achieved good results in all the issues discussed

I express once again my profound gratitude to you and, through you, to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Soviet Government and people for the exceptional hospitality accorded us, the great concern for our successful visit to the USSR and your positive support for our people's national reunification cause

The recent visit to the USSR by the DPRK Party and state delegation marked a significant point in consolidating and developing the traditional friendship and solidarity between the two Parties, countries and peoples based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

I express deep satisfaction with this and wish you and the people of the USSR greater success in their struggle to complete the building

of a developed socialism and to safeguard peace in Europe and the world in accordance with the decisions of the 26th CPSU Congress and the decisions of the ensuing plenary meetings of the Party Central Committee.

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party of
Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

Moscow

July 1, 1984

Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko
General Secretary of the CC of the CPSU
President of the Presidium of the Supreme
Soviet of the USSR

Passing through Soviet territory on my way home from my visits to European socialist countries, I should like to send my fraternal greetings to you and, through you, to the Communist Party, Government and people of the Soviet Union.

While we were crossing your country, the Soviet comrades provided us with every assistance and accorded us cordial hospitality everywhere. This is a manifestation of the warm feelings of friendship cherished by the Soviet people towards our people.

I am pleased to recall that during my visit to the Soviet Union some time ago, I had an important meeting with you and I received warm hospitality from the Soviet Party, Government and people.

The visit of the DPRK Party and state delegation to the Soviet Union marked a significant point in the continuing development of the traditional friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples.

With all my heart I wish the Communist Party, Government and people of the Soviet Union further success in their struggle to oppose

imperialist aggressive and war moves, safeguard peace in Europe and the world and complete a developed socialist society.

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party of
Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE POLISH
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC**

**COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT
THE BANQUET GIVEN BY COMRADE
WOJCIECH JARUZELSKI**

May 28, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski,
Esteemed Comrade Henryk Jablonski,
Esteemed Party and Government leaders of Poland,
Comrades and friends,

It gives us great pleasure to have visited the Polish People's Republic, our brother country, and to have shared our feelings of friendship with Comrade Jaruzelski and other Polish Party and Government leaders. Allow us to extend our heartfelt gratitude to you for your warm welcome and cordial hospitality accorded to our delegation.

I would also like to convey the warm wishes and militant greetings from the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people to the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, the Government of the Polish People's Republic and the Polish people.

The Korean and Polish peoples formed firm ties of friendship as class brothers a long time ago, and have increased fraternal relations, always closely supporting and cooperating with each other.

The friendly and cooperative relations forged between the Korean and Polish peoples in the common struggle to oppose imperialism and win the cause of socialism and communism contribute to promoting the building of socialism, safeguarding revolutionary gains and consolidating and developing the socialist systems in our two countries as well as to

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increasing the might of the socialist forces as a whole.

We are very happy that through our current visit to Poland we will be able to strengthen fraternal friendship and solidarity between our two Parties, Governments and peoples.

The brotherly Polish people will soon celebrate the 40th anniversary of the regeneration of Poland.

The regeneration of the country is a brilliant achievement of the Polish communists and people through their protracted struggle for national and class emancipation.

For the past 40 years since liberation the courageous and hardworking Polish people, under the leadership of the Polish United Workers' Party, have dynamically carved out the road to a new life and brought about many changes in the economic, cultural and other spheres of social life.

In recent years the Polish people have survived a temporary crisis caused by the vicious anti-socialist subversive activities of the imperialists and the domestic counter-revolutionary forces and have dependably safeguarded the stability of the country and their socialist achievements.

The resolute steps taken by the Polish United Workers' Party and the Polish Government to put down the counter-revolutionary moves of the class enemies aligned with the imperialists not only prevented bloodshed and protected the socialist system in Poland, but they also had a great significance in maintaining peace and security in Europe.

In this connection we value highly the outstanding service rendered particularly by esteemed Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski who contributed to achieving the stability of the country and safeguarding the sovereignty and socialist gains of the Polish people through prompt and determined action, when a grim situation threatened.

Just as in the past, so also today, tomorrow and for ever, the imperialists will not be able to turn back Poland from the socialist road.

The Polish United Workers' Party has been steeled amid harsh trials and struggles and has won greater confidence of the people as the sole guiding force which is capable of saving the country from crises and of coping with the task of socialist renovation.

Today the Polish people strive to implement the programme of

socialist reform adopted at the 9th Congress of the Polish United Workers' Party and to carry out the Three-Year Plan

Our people rejoice heartily at the successes achieved by the fraternal Polish people in their struggle for socialist construction and sincerely wish them greater victories and successes in their future creative endeavours.

The present situation demands that the peoples of the socialist countries and all the progressive forces throughout the world should fight more energetically to frustrate the imperialist manoeuvres for aggression and war and to preserve world peace and security

The Party, Government and people of Poland are striving to oppose US imperialist pressures and interventions, safeguard the present national boundary and the country's sovereignty and prevent a war and preserve peace in Europe

We categorically denounce the imperialists' economic sanctions and pressures against Poland and their interferences in her internal affairs. We strongly support your struggle to ease the tension in Europe and to safeguard world peace and the security of the socialist countries

Comrades and friends,

Today the Korean people are carrying on the revolution and construction in a situation where the country is divided and we stand face to face with the enemy

Our Party is convinced that in the light of the enemy's incessant manoeuvrings of aggression and war, enhancing its leading role and strengthening the unity and solidarity of the popular masses is precisely the way to succeed in our revolution and construction, and has actively carried on the work of increasing its leadership in all spheres and uniting the masses of all strata around it

All our working people, rallied closely around the Party with a single purpose and will, are now working devotedly for the complete victory of socialism and for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and are firmly defending the eastern outpost of socialism

Our Party and people always regard it as an important factor for revolutionary victory to strengthen solidarity with the international revolutionary forces, at the same time as consolidating their own internal revolutionary forces.

The Korean people will advance, in the future, too, in unity with the fraternal Polish people, with all the peoples of the socialist countries and with peace-loving people the world over, in the sacred joint struggle for the triumph of the cause of peace, socialism and communism against imperialism.

The United Workers' Party, Government and people of Poland gave positive assistance to our people in the period of the Korean war and during our postwar reconstruction; today they still constantly support and encourage our people's struggle for the building of socialism and the independent, peaceful reunification of the country. As a member of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission established by the Korean Armistice Agreement, Poland has been working for more than 30 years to preserve peace in Korea.

You have also actively supported the new peaceful proposal which we advanced some time ago on tripartite talks between the DPRK, the United States and south Korea with a view to easing tension in Korea and expediting the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

The Korean people always remember the Polish people's sincere support and cooperation and are grateful for them.

Our talks and conversations have deepened our mutual understanding and increased our comradeship.

We are very satisfied that we have reached a complete unanimity of views on all the problems discussed and that our visit to Poland has achieved good results.

I am sure that our present visit to Poland will mark a turning point in expanding and developing the traditional relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries and carrying them to greater heights.

May I reiterate my thanks to you for your hospitality and propose a toast:

to the indestructible fraternal friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Polish peoples,

to the strengthening and development of the Polish United Workers' Party and to the prosperity of the Polish People's Republic,

to the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the

international communist movement,

to universal peace,

to the health of esteemed Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski,

to the health of esteemed Comrade Henryk Jablonski,

to the health of Party and Government leaders of Poland, and

to the health of all comrades and friends present here.

**SPEECH OF COMRADE WOJCIECH JARUZELSKI
AT THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF
COMRADE KIM IL SUNG**

May 28, 1984

Most respected Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Dear Korean comrades and friends,

In the name of the Party and state leadership body of the Polish People's Republic, I warmly welcome you, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and I welcome the members of the Party and state delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Your visit is an event of momentous significance in further cementing the bonds of friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, states and peoples.

The tradition of friendship between the Polish People's Republic and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a long-standing and solid one.

The similarity of our historical destinies and tragic experience and of the history of our struggles for freedom, independence and social emancipation deepens mutual respect, understanding and intimacy between us.

The building of a socialist system which is in accord with Marxism-Leninism and revolutionary changes and with the vital interest of the two peoples makes our friendship and cooperation a truly class and internationalist one.

The working class and other labouring masses in our country sincerely respect and highly appreciate the achievements of the fraternal

Korean people in their armed struggle and endeavours for peaceful construction.

We know well what sacrifices and how much effort the patriots and revolutionaries of Korea made to realize their age-old desire for freedom and independence, and how great their activities were.

When a worker-peasant state was founded in the northern half of the Korean peninsula which was liberated by the patriotic Liberation forces of Korea together with the Soviet Army, an end was made to the colonial slavery which had lasted for nearly half a century and a broad future opened before your people.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung,

The Korean people under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by you defended the freedom and independence of their people's state in the heroic struggle against imperialism, enjoying the support and encouragement of socialist countries and the world's peace-loving forces.

They carried out enormous feats to rehabilitate their country which had been ravaged by the aggressors and scored shining successes in the development of the national economy and education, science and culture.

We sincerely congratulate you, dear friends, on these successes and wish you fresh success in socialist development in the days ahead.

Poland fully supports your struggle against the US imperialist intervention and also the initiative of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the DPRK for making the US forces withdraw from south Korea and achieving a peaceful reunification of the country. We consider that the participation of Poland in the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission is conducive to the preservation of peace on the Korean peninsula.

We are convinced that the Korean people will win final victory in their righteous struggle.

Respected comrades,

Lately the international situation has been extremely aggravated creating a great danger to peace in Europe and the rest of the world. The danger of a nuclear war is increasing.

This is attributable to the policy of the United States and the

reactionary NATO circles trying to alter the balance of forces in the world and establish their military predominance. The US imperialists are imposing a very dangerous arms race of a new scale in both quantity and quality upon Europe and the world. The deployment of sophisticated nuclear weapons is taking place in the territories of the Federal Republic of Germany where new revanchist forces who try to change the border are being revived, and in other West European countries.

The illegal political pressure, economic sanctions and propaganda offensive against socialist countries, and the attempt to meddle in the internal affairs and sovereignty of our country are a component of Washington's anti-communist "crusade".

A dangerous situation is being created on the Asian continent, too. The United States is trying to secure its political and military superiority in the Far East, Southeast Asia and the Pacific area. It is particularly dangerous that the US imperialists are scheming to bring about a new regional war, that they continually expand their influence in south Korea and attempt to involve many countries into executing their aggression plan in Asia.

In such a situation the unity and solidarity of action of all the socialist countries and the efforts of non-aligned countries are of particular significance in the common struggle against the danger of nuclear war and the imperialist policy of confrontation, and for the peaceful and stable life for all people.

Peace is an unalterable, humanitarian goal of socialism.

The widely-known peace initiative of the Soviet Union and countries of the socialist community is intended to bring about peace and detente; it is contributing to averting the danger of nuclear war, curbing the arms race and effecting disarmament.

The defence steps which we have taken in face of the imperialist threat are contributing and will contribute to this cause.

There can be no other reasonable choice between countries of differing socio-political systems today than peaceful coexistence. We want the United States and other NATO member nations to turn to realism, to respond to the peace initiative of the Warsaw Treaty member nations constructively and to hold a practical dialogue. We want equal

international cooperation with them.

Respected Korean comrades,

The 40th anniversary of the regeneration of Poland is drawing near.

Our people have made revolutionary changes and historic progress under the leadership of the Polish United Workers' Party. In the period of socialist construction the nation's civilization, education and culture took big strides forward, and great success has been achieved in the modernization and industrialization and construction of the country. On this road we have met with many difficulties and much heartbreak. We defended socialism and have thwarted the efforts of the counter-revolution.

Giving full effect to the programme of socialist renovation which was adopted at the 9th Party Congress and was confirmed at the Party Conference, and bringing about the line of negotiation and struggle, make it possible to overcome the nation's crisis gradually and return to complete normality.

The US imperialists do not want Poland to embark upon the road of harmonious, successful development. Their pressure upon Poland is persistent

Like you, we who are close friends of Korea, are faced with the shameless interventionist manoeuvres of the United States in our internal affairs.

We have never yielded and will never yield to such pressure. We are not alone in this struggle. We have the fraternal Soviet Union and countries of the socialist community, unswerving allies and friends. The leftist anti-imperialist forces and social progressive forces the world over express solidarity with us.

Dear comrades,

We have become convinced during the talks which we have had in the course of your visit that a fundamental change will be brought about in the friendly and cooperative relations between our two Parties, states and peoples, and that these relations will continue to develop successfully in the future, to our mutual benefit and for the cause of peace and socialism.

We highly appreciate the fact that you, respected Comrade Kim Il Sung, and the Workers' Party of Korea and the entire Korean

people have understood and supported the steps, policies and efforts of our Party and Government for defending and strengthening socialist Poland.

We sincerely desire to develop the traditional Poland-Korea friendship and expand and strengthen mutual cooperation between the two countries as well as internationalist cooperation.

We believe that the matters agreed upon in the political and economic fields during your visit will contribute to further developing relations between the Polish People's Republic and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and strengthening still more the world's socialist forces and their unity in the struggle for peace and security for all peoples.

May I propose a toast:

to the prosperity and development of the DPRK,

to friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, states and peoples,

to the solidarity of all the socialist forces,

to the health of respected, dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, and

to the health of all our Korean comrades and friends.

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

Warsaw

May 29, 1984

Comrade Wojciech Jaruzelski
First Secretary of the Central Committee
of the Polish United Workers' Party
Chairman of the Council of Ministers of
the Polish People's Republic

Comrade Henryk Jablonski
President of the Council of State of the PPR

We are leaving your country upon the successful conclusion of our visit to the fraternal Polish People's Republic. As we cross the border of your country I once again express deep thanks to you and, through you, to the United Workers' Party, Government and people of Poland for the warm hospitality accorded us during our visit and for the expression of full support to and firm solidarity with the revolutionary cause of our people.

We believe that this visit of the DPRK Party and state delegation to Poland greatly contributed to further expanding and developing the traditional friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and are very satisfied with it.

I sincerely wish the resourceful and industrious Polish people greater success in the future struggle for consolidating the successes which have already been achieved and for bringing about the complete normalization

of the country and the complete victory of socialism under the leadership of the Polish United Workers' Party.

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party of
Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE GERMAN
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC**

COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT THE BANQUET GIVEN BY COMRADE ERICH HONECKER

May 30, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker,
Esteemed Party and state leaders of the German Democratic Republic,
Comrades and friends,

It gives us great pleasure that while visiting the GDR amid such especially warm and friendly hospitality, we again met Comrade Erich Honecker, our close friend, after a long interval, and shared an ardent feeling of friendship with the brotherly people of the GDR.

Yesterday citizens of Berlin, despite the foul rainy weather, lined the route for many miles and enthusiastically welcomed us. This was an impressive scene that showed the traditional relations of friendship between the Korean people and the people of the GDR and it was a forceful demonstration of the indestructible militant solidarity between our two countries.

Allow us to express our profound thanks to Comrade Erich Honecker, the Party and state leaders of the GDR and Berliners for the very warm and very hospitable welcome accorded us.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I would like to convey the militant greetings from our Party Central Committee, the Government of the DPRK and the Korean people to the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the Government and people of the GDR.

Geographically Korea and the GDR are far apart, but they knitted the ties of comradely friendship a long time ago and have closely cooperated with each other since then.

half of the Republic and making strenuous efforts to achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The people of the GDR build socialism standing face to face with the enemy on the western outpost of socialism; so do the Korean people on the eastern outpost.

The Government of the GDR and its people always stand firmly by the Korean people for the common object of their struggles and class solidarity and actively support and encourage our people's revolutionary cause in various ways. Your people rendered sincere support and assistance, both moral and material, to our people in the hard days of the Fatherland Liberation War and postwar reconstruction and still support and encourage our just struggle for socialist construction and national reunification. Recently the Government of the GDR has expressed its positive support for our new tripartite talks proposal aimed at the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

We are grateful to the Party, Government and people of the GDR for their sincere support and encouragement to the revolutionary cause of our people, and will never forget it.

The Korean people are proud that they have such intimate class brothers as you on the continent of Europe. They treasure the relations of friendship and cooperation with the GDR. As in the past, so also in the future, they will not spare their efforts to strengthen the comradely friendship and solidarity between the two peoples, their governments and peoples and develop the friendly relations to a higher stage.

to the unbreakable friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and the GDR,

to the strengthening and development of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the prosperity of the GDR,

to the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement,

to world peace,

to the long life and good health of esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker,

to the health of the Party and state leaders of the GDR, and

to the health of all comrades and friends present here

**SPEECH OF COMRADE ERICH HONECKER AT
THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF
COMRADE KIM IL SUNG**

May 30, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Esteemed Korean comrades,
Esteemed comrades and friends,

I should like once again to give a warm welcome to esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung on his visit to our country.

We receive you as an envoy of Korean class brothers with whom we have long established solid friendship and maintained militant fraternity.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, our people appreciate you as an outstanding fighter who is dedicated to the national and social emancipation of the Korean people and an indomitable fighter who is devoted to the maintenance and consolidation of peace against the imperialist policy of aggression and confrontation.

I recollect with pleasure my December 1977 visit to the land of the morning calm and to Pyongyang, a magnificent capital, which has been built on a large scale and is prospering as never before.

Today you are a guest of Berlin, our capital city, which is growing more beautiful with every passing day as a symbol of socialism which has become a reality in Germany.

I regard your revisit to the GDR as an event of the greatest significance in the relations between our Parties, states and peoples.

Your visit demonstrates, in striking fashion, our internationalist relationship, the feelings of real friendship, mutual respect and mutual support between the communists and working people of the two countries.

Your visit to our Republic and other fraternal countries will contribute to strengthening existing socialism.

Our talks are also inspired by this spirit.

These talks reflect our determination to devote everything to maintaining and ensuring peace and to strengthen and extend our relations in many spheres.

The same can be said of the Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation which we are going to sign.

As you said when we were exchanging views today, the conclusion of this treaty will be a symbol of encouragement to peoples

The impressive, overwhelming success which the working people of the DPRK have achieved in socialist construction under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung, is widely known to our people. Your industrious and energetic working people have quickly healed the tragic wounds of war caused by the imperialist aggression

The American military boasted that they would bring the DPRK to complete ruin, but they miscalculated. This has been proved by the continued existence of the DPRK.

The courageous Korean people always enjoy the solidarity and support of the fraternal countries. They have recently effected the country's socialist industrialization and have developed agriculture

The brotherly Korean people are successfully carrying out the decisions of the Sixth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Second Seven-Year Plan for the Development of the National Economy

Under the leadership of respected Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Workers' Party of Korea has proved once again the vitality of scientific socialism by creatively applying Marxism-Leninism.

Life in the GDR is flourishing in all fields. The socialist state of the workers and peasants, the first to be born in Germany, will soon commemorate its 35th anniversary.

This will give our working people a due sense of pride in the success they have already achieved and inspire them with determination to devote everything to the prosperity of the socialist fatherland

The line adopted at the Tenth Congress of the Socialist Unity Party of

Germany for the well-being of the people is being carried out with thoroughness.

Our economy which is making steady progress this year, too, bears witness to this. The correctness of the policy of combining economic and social measures has been proved, and this encourages the working people to display creative initiative. They fully understand that success in their work contributes to strengthening the position of socialism.

Esteemed comrades,

The most aggressive circles of imperialism, US imperialism in particular, continue to pursue the policy of confrontation which threatens peace.

Their policy is characterized by the buildup of armament, thermo-nuclear weapons in particular, the manoeuvres for flagrant interference in the affairs of other countries and the worsening of relations among nations.

It is well known, the two world wars broke out in Europe.

We must do our best to prevent a new war, a nuclear war, which may exterminate mankind.

Contrary to the wishes of the people, NATO began to deploy US weapons for forestalling attack in West Europe which will bring international tension to the point of crisis and increase the danger of nuclear war. In this situation it is more imperative than ever before to intensify the struggles for peace, arms control and disarmament.

The GDR and the FRG bear a heavy responsibility for peace, in view of their past history and their present situation.

War must not recur in Germany. It contradicts this basic principle that the FRG continues to permit the deployment of Pershing-2 missiles and becomes a US nuclear launching pad.

At many talks with the leading politicians of the FRG parties in and out of power we have explained the urgency and propriety of the proposal made by the Warsaw Treaty member nations.

The consistent peace policy of the Soviet Union and other socialist countries gives the people hope in the current international situation which has reached a dangerous stage because this policy shows them the possibility of halting the imperialist moves for war.

For this reason, the GDR is making every effort to strengthen the socialist community and its economic and military power and consolidate its unity and solidarity.

The GDR regards it as the most important task to maintain peace and prevent nuclear holocaust and is ready to unite with all the countries which act accordingly.

The world strategy of the United States which expands its military bases and deploys mass destruction nuclear weapons in Western Europe and Asia, in the FRG and south Korea, is giving rise to protests from all sober-minded people.

The DPRK and the GDR stand on the boundaries between socialism and capitalism in the East and West and on the outposts of the struggle for peace.

We highly appreciate the dear Korean comrades who support the constructive proposals of the Warsaw Treaty member nations for the preservation of peace and for the termination of the arms race in Europe. We join you in demanding the withdrawal of US armed forces from south Korea.

We support your struggle to reunify your country peacefully and on a democratic basis, free from foreign interference. Every year the US forces in south Korea and those from elsewhere have joint exercises with the south Korean puppet army, revealing the aggressive and adventurous nature of Washington's policy in the eyes of the world.

We stand by you, dear Korean comrades, in the struggle against the plot of the United States to form an imperialist military alliance which involves Japan and south Korea.

The effective proposals of the DPRK which are motivated by a high sense of responsibility for maintaining and strengthening peace, are making a constructive contribution to easing the tension in the Korean peninsula and to safeguarding peace in that region and throughout the rest of the world; they have won universal support.

We support the DPRK's proposal for tripartite talks aimed at replacing the Armistice Agreement signed between the DPRK and the USA in 1953 with a peace agreement and for adopting a non-aggression declaration between the DPRK and south Korea.

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Dear Korean comrades and friends,

Our two Parties, two countries and two peoples are intimate comrades-in-arms who have been trained in all the trials of class struggle.

A street in Hamhung City which was rebuilt with the help of our technicians in the initial years of reconstruction bears the name of Comrade Wilhelm Pieck whom we can never forget. The Children's Union organization of a school in that city was named after "Ernst Thaelmann" like its counterpart in our Republic.

Every year the members of such children's organizations in the GDR and many other countries spend their vacation happily in our Republic at the International Young Pioneers' Camp which was named after you, esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung.

These are a few examples out of many. They show us how closely our two peoples are united, how they understand each other and how firm their solidarity is.

We can truthfully say that the relations between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples are developing steadily in all fields.

Cooperation between our two peoples is continuously strengthening in favour of peace and socialism.

I am convinced that your present visit to our country will open up a new phase in the development of our relations.

We have the same firm resolve to develop further friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples on the basis of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

I propose to you, dear comrades, a toast to an unbreakable militant fraternity between the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the Workers' Party of Korea and brotherly friendship and cooperation between our two countries and two peoples based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism,

to new success in the struggle for peace and socialism,
to the good health and long life of esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
and
to the health of other Korean comrades and friends who are present here.

COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT THE GDR-DPRK FRIENDSHIP MASS MEETING

June 1, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker,
Esteemed Party and state leaders of the German Democratic Republic,
Citizens of Berlin,
Comrades and friends,

Today we are deeply moved by the warm welcome accorded us at this grand mass meeting by the citizens of Berlin

This meeting is an expression of warm friendship for the Korean people from the bottom of the hearts of the people of the German Democratic Republic and a sign of their firm solidarity with the revolutionary cause of the Korean people as well as a powerful demonstration of the unbreakable comradeship and unity between the Parties and peoples of our two countries

We are further impressed with the cordial and inspiring speech which has just been made by Comrade Erich Honecker on this rostrum and which is rich in fraternal and friendly feelings

Allow me to express my hearty thanks to you Comrade Erich Honecker and the kind citizens of Berlin for the enthusiastic welcome and the warmest hospitality accorded us everywhere since the moment of our arrival in your country and for this grand welcome rally

Also allow me to convey, through you, militant greetings from our Party members and people to the Party, Government and people of the German Democratic Republic.

The friendly and cooperative relations which have continued to

develop favourably between Korea and the German Democratic Republic are a genuine and durable comradeship between class brothers, based on Marxist-Leninist principles and on the common desire of the two peoples who are fighting against imperialism and for peace and socialism.

By these historic meetings and talks, the leaders of our two countries have deepened the existing warm friendship and mutual fidelity between the two Parties and peoples and have provided a firm guarantee for the development of their friendly and cooperative relations onto a higher plane.

Today's signing of the Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the German Democratic Republic is the result of the continuous development of the relations of friendship and cooperation by the Parties and peoples of our two countries in the past years in their joint struggle against imperialism and for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism. It is an expression of the two peoples' firm determination to extend and develop these traditional relations onto a higher stage.

This treaty will give a new impetus to the consolidation, extension and development of the fraternal relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries.

We are visiting your country in a momentous year when the German Democratic Republic will mark its 35th anniversary. During our stay in your country we have witnessed the proud successes which the people of the GDR have achieved in the revolutionary struggle and in the work of construction over the past 35 years, and have been deeply impressed by the progress in the GDR.

Germany is the glorious homeland of Marxism, and the German people can take pride in the long fighting traditions of their working class.

The German communists and working class waged a long-drawn-out and bloody struggle against imperialism and fascism and for the freedom and liberation of the people and for the victory of the cause of communism. At last, in October, 1949, they founded the German Democratic Republic—a state of workers and peasants.

The founding of the GDR was a great event which opened up a new

epoch in the history of its people. With its foundation, the ideal and cause of communism which was initiated and pioneered by Marx and Engels became a brilliant reality and blossomed in beauty in the land of Germany, and a broad avenue for the creation of a new life was opened up before the people of the GDR.

Over the past 35 years the people of the GDR have waged an unyielding struggle under the banner of the Republic with great pride in being the masters of state power and with revolutionary ardour. In this way they have honourably defended their revolutionary gains and confidently advanced on the road of socialism.

When we visited the GDR in 1956, the situation was such that the socialist transformation of the relations of production was still under way and, in the field of economic construction, the Second Five-Year Plan had only just started being implemented. Since then the revolution and construction in the GDR have made big strides, changing the face of society beyond recognition. The state and social system has been consolidated, all sectors of the national economy, including industry and agriculture, have been equipped on up-to-date lines, and science and technology have made rapid progress. Moreover, production and construction have been dynamically pushed forward and the national income increased, which has resulted in a radical improvement in the people's material and cultural well-being.

Yesterday, amidst an enthusiastic welcome by the people, we paid a visit to the Frankfurt-on-Oder County which is familiar to us. We inspected a developed agricultural producers' cooperative and a modern metallurgical works and saw personally the brilliant achievements of the working class and other labouring people of the German Democratic Republic in socialist economic construction.

We are pleased to see that the people of this Republic are closely united behind the Socialist Unity Party of Germany led by Comrade Erich Honecker, that they have a very strong sense of organization and discipline and that they are very proud of the achievements of their creative labour and of their happy lives.

Today the existence of the German Democratic Republic and your successes in the building of socialism are patent proof of the real

superiority, magnetism and indestructible vitality of the socialist system.

Socialism is the most people-oriented and advantageous system which provides the working masses with genuine political freedom and rights and with happy material and cultural lives; it guarantees prosperity for the country and the people.

The people of the German Democratic Republic see a happier future precisely in the strengthening and development of the socialist system and are working hard to build a developed socialist society, with a firm determination to consolidate and develop this system.

Today the German Democratic Republic, as a fortress which defends the western outpost of socialism, is contributing greatly to preserving peace and security in Europe, and its international position is growing stronger as the days go by.

At the moment a dark cloud of nuclear war is hovering over the European continent because of the US imperialists. The US has deployed nuclear weapons of new types in West Germany in order to forestall the socialist countries in an attack. This has created the danger of another war on German territory and seriously threatens peace and security in Europe and the rest of the world.

Germany has been a hotbed of world wars more than once and her people have suffered many holocausts of war forced on them by the imperialists.

The people of the GDR, well aware of the present situation which is more urgent than ever before, are making strenuous efforts to prevent another war in Germany.

We fully support the efforts of the GDR to halt the arms race, to create a nuclear-free zone in Europe and to maintain peaceful relations between the members of the NATO and the participants in the Warsaw Treaty, as well as its measures against the deployment of the new-type medium-range nuclear missiles of the United States in West Germany and other West European countries, and we affirm our solidarity with your struggle for peace and security in Europe.

It would be impossible to speak of the important role of the GDR in the international arena and its brilliant success in socialist construction without mentioning the name of Comrade Erich Honecker.

The great victory and achievements in the GDR have been made under the outstanding and energetic leadership of Comrade Erich Honecker and by the devoted efforts of the people of this country who are solidly united behind the Socialist Unity Party of Germany.

We are convinced that the working people of the GDR, all under the leadership of the German Socialist Unity Party led by esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker, will carry out the ten economic strategic objectives for the 1980's set forth by the 10th Party Congress and that they will achieve even greater success in their struggle to create basic conditions for the gradual transition to communism by building a developed socialist society.

Comrades and friends,

The main revolutionary task confronting the Korean people today is to achieve a complete victory of socialism in the northern half of the Republic and accomplish the historic cause of national reunification.

Our people are vigorously carrying out the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions in order to fulfil the programme for modelling all society on the Juche idea, which was put forward by the Sixth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

In carrying out the three revolutions our Party adheres to the principle of giving first priority to the ideological revolution, to educate and remould people in a communist way, over the technical and cultural revolutions.

We are also scoring great successes in emancipating from backbreaking labour the working people who have been freed from exploitation and oppression, and also in intellectualizing all society, through the active promotion of the technical and cultural revolutions along with the ideological revolution.

Today our working people are struggling spiritedly to carry out the Second Seven-Year Plan and to attain ahead of schedule the ten long-term objectives of socialist economic construction for the 1980's proposed by the Party at its Sixth Congress, they are effecting a great new revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist economic construction. These magnificent long-term objectives will be attained with success by the high revolutionary zeal and creative efforts of all our working people

To defend peace and security on the Korean peninsula is directly related to the problems of easing international tensions and removing the danger of a new world war.

In order to remove the tensions existing now in our country and to provide preconditions for the independent, peaceful reunification of our country, the Government of the DPRK made a new proposal for tripartite talks between the DPRK, the US and south Korea.

Because it is most reasonable and practicable, the proposal enjoys active support and approval from the GDR and other socialist countries, third world nations, many peace-loving nations and broad sections of people around the world.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I would like to express my deep thanks to the Party, Government and people of the GDR which have always given consistent, wholehearted support to our people's revolutionary cause, by remaining loyal to their noble duty as class brothers.

The present situation demands that the peoples of all continents and all lands join in a daring struggle to defeat the imperialist moves for aggression and war and defend world peace and security.

The Korean people express their firm solidarity with people of the world in their anti-war, anti-nuclear peace movement to resolutely repudiate the imperialists' policy of the arms race and their manoeuvres for nuclear war, and to defend peace and security.

If the peoples in socialist countries and non-aligned nations and peace-loving people around the world firmly unite in the struggle, the sacred common cause of peace, democracy, national independence and socialism will inevitably triumph.

The peoples of Korea and the GDR are class brothers who are fighting in cooperation on a common front against imperialism and for the triumph of the cause of peace, socialism and communism. The strengthening of friendship and solidarity between the Parties, governments and peoples of Korea and the GDR will make a great contribution to promoting the revolution and construction in the two countries, to increasing the world peace forces which are opposed to war and to augmenting the might of socialism.

There will always be victory and glory in the path ahead of our two

Parties, countries and peoples that are fighting hand in hand to achieve their common purpose and ideal, under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

Long live the lasting brotherly friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and the GDR!

Long live the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement!

Long live the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the German Democratic Republic headed by esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker!

Long live world peace!

SPEECH OF COMRADE ERICH HONECKER AT THE GDR-DPRK FRIENDSHIP MASS MEETING

June 1, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Dear Korean comrades and friends,
Dear Berliners,

In this important time in the struggle to achieve peace, we welcome with all our hearts good friends and comrades-in-arms here in Berlin, capital of the German Democratic Republic.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, your visit marks an epoch-making event in developing the fraternal relations between the two Parties, two states, two peoples based on traditional friendship and long-standing solidarity.

It is of great importance that we powerfully demonstrate once again our firm friendship in face of the grave threat to humanity caused by imperialism and its policy of confrontation. Thus we are contributing to further strengthening cooperation among socialist countries.

This will no doubt produce a favourable effect on the present international situation.

In a few days, dear Comrade Kim Il Sung and the members of the delegation led by you could, we believe, fully confirm that the spirit of firm internationalist solidarity with the fraternal Korean people is strikingly alive in the thinking and actions of the people of the German Democratic Republic.

The working people of our country are following with great respect the tremendous successes achieved by the Korean people and their devoted struggle for the prosperity of their country.

The working people of our country respect you, dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, as a close friend and an intimate comrade-in-arms

We respect you as an outstanding son of the Korean people who liberated the country from the colonial yoke and have been devoting your life all along to the struggle against the US imperialist aggression on the Korean peninsula and for socialist construction in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

We believe that your visit to our country will further strengthen the militant fraternity between the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SED) and the Workers' Party of Korea, between our two countries and two peoples on the basis of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

Dear comrades and friends,

The policies pursued by our two countries from the early days of their founding, two countries which are standing on the socialism-capitalism borders in the West and in the East and linked by brotherly bonds, are seeking to maintain peace and security and build a socialist society.

We are satisfied that the talks marked by an atmosphere of comradeship and the consensus of views between the Party and state delegations of our two countries have been held in just such a spirit.

The GDR and the DPRK will spare no efforts in the future, too, to increase the might of socialism and its influence in the struggle against the imperialist policies of war and for a peaceful future of all people.

We are of the same opinion that the most important task at present is to fight for the maintenance and consolidation of peace, in confrontation with the aggressive policy of the imperialists

Dear comrades and friends,

A short time ago we signed a treaty of friendship and cooperation between the GDR and the DPRK. This treaty will mark a new stage in the development of relations between our two countries. This treaty, which is based on the precious, rich experience accumulated in the development of relations between our two countries, defines the basic direction of their cooperation in the period up to 2000. This basic document on our friendship will serve for the continued building of socialism and communism, a genuine new society of mankind, in our two countries where the

sources of war and exploitation have been liquidated for good. This treaty also demonstrates the unshakable determination of our two peoples to constantly and actively struggle for peace in Europe and Asia and, furthermore, in the whole world; and to strengthen the unity of the socialist states and support the struggle of the peoples for freedom and social progress.

On behalf of the Central Committee of the SED, the State Council and the Council of Ministers of the GDR and our people, I assure you, respected Comrade Kim Il Sung, and all Korean comrades and friends, that we will make every effort to implement this treaty of friendship and cooperation in the interests of our two peoples' happiness and peace.

Dear comrades and friends,

The founding of the DPRK in 1948 was a decisive measure for the consolidation of people's democratic gains in the Korean peninsula and was an historic victory achieved by the Korean people in their prolonged and self-sacrificing struggle for national independence and social liberation.

In the world-wide revolutionary process, decisively marked by the victory of the Soviet Union and its people over Hitlerite fascism, the first people's democratic state came into being in Korea. This was a contribution to the strengthening of socialism.

The imperialists regard as a thorn in their flesh the rapid successful development and great changes the working class and people of Korea have achieved in the DPRK under the leadership of the working-class Party headed by you, respected Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The United States and the south Korean puppets unleashed a criminal war of aggression against the young people's government of the DPRK in an attempt to turn back the wheel of history. They manoeuvred to turn the whole of the Korean peninsula into the imperialists' base against socialism and the national-liberation movement.

The aggressors threatened that they would use even atomic bombs to put their plan into effect.

However, the Korean people and People's Army, enjoying the solidarity and support of the Soviet Union, the People's Republic of China and other fraternal socialist countries, carried out a heroic struggle to

thwart the aggressors' plan and compelled them to sign the Armistice Agreement in 1953.

It is particularly important today to recall such facts of history.

At that time, the shameless aggressive acts of the US imperialists against the peaceloving Korean people caused the development of a broad solidarity movement among our people also. This movement proved that proletarian internationalism was deeply rooted in our people's thinking and action.

Thereafter, this was confirmed again particularly when the peoples who had been liberated or who were struggling for liberation were subjected to imperialist aggression and oppression.

Immediately after the ceasefire the Korean people set about rehabilitating the devastated national economy by displaying tireless diligence, spirit and devotion under the leadership of the WPK.

At that time the aggressors boasted that the DPRK would not be able to heal the colossal wounds of war even in a hundred years. But they miscalculated.

The fraternal Korean people healed these wounds in a historically short period of time and built a powerful socialist state which is now surging forward. Then, also, the Korean people enjoyed the fraternal support of the Soviet Union, the People's Republic of China and other socialist countries

Enormous successes have been achieved over the past 36 years under the people's government.

Housing shortages, famine and disease which had existed before liberation were eliminated. Significant progress has been achieved in education and public health.

The DPRK has today turned into a prosperous people's country with a rapidly developing industry, a highly productive agriculture and brilliant culture thanks to the wise policy of the WPK. Her prestige in the international arena is high.

These achievements clearly show the advantages of the socialist system and are successes of very real historical significance in attesting to the vitality of Marxism-Leninism.

Now all the working people of the DPRK including workers and

cooperative farmers are accomplishing great successes in carrying out the decisions of the Sixth Congress of the WPK.

The fraternal Korean people are vigorously advancing towards the attainment of the present Seven-Year Plan and the long-term objectives of the national economy by redoubling their creative efforts. And they are doing their utmost to bring about the steady improvement of the people's material and cultural standards on the way to the complete victory of socialism.

We extend heartfelt congratulations to the fraternal people of the DPRK on the great changes they have brought about in their lives by displaying high zeal, positiveness and creativeness ever since the foundation of their socialist state.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung,

While heartily congratulating these successes, we express our best wishes that there will be further success in socialist construction in Korea.

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,

Dear Korean comrades and friends,

Socialism also stands firmly in the land of Germany, the motherland of Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels.

Today, 35 years after the founding of the GDR, it has been clearly proved as never before that the establishment of the first worker-peasant state of Germany was a turning-point in the history of our people and other European peoples.

Through a fierce class struggle and with unremitting efforts, the GDR has been able to develop into an internationally-recognized state with political stability and a powerful economy, in close alliance with the Soviet Union and other fraternal socialist countries.

Our Republic has become a dependable bulwark for peace and socialism on the European continent.

The 10th Congress of the SED clearly indicated the road to the future. We continue to build a developed socialist society in the GDR. Here the economic strategy of the 1980's is of particular significance because the only way the living standards of the working people can be improved is by

increasing production and efficiency. This task is a key link in the national economic plan for 1984. Its fulfilment or overfulfilment is the objective of the socialist competitive drive. In this sense, we are striving to promote scientific and technical progress, raise labour productivity rapidly and make the rate between investments and results more effective.

By doing so, we are raising the intensive national economy to a new height. We are effectively cooperating with the Soviet Union and other socialist countries.

Our Party has continued to implement successfully the dual policy of economic and social measures. As we are all convinced, to increase the economic power of socialism is to increase the people's welfare and, at the same time, it constitutes an essential factor in actively contributing to shaping the peaceful future of Europe and the whole world.

Dear comrades and friends,

At our talks with Korean comrades we reached a unanimity of views on the fact that the manoeuvres of the US and other highly aggressive forces of imperialism for confrontation and armament expansion are gravely threatening the people's lives.

In particular, the deployment of Pershing-2 and cruise missiles in West Europe has escalated international tension.

Reasoning people will understand that the danger of nuclear holocaust will not be reduced through the continuation of the arms race, but will rather be increased. An end should be put to such a dangerous situation.

The GDR, situated on the border between the Warsaw Treaty member nations and NATO member nations, a western boundary of socialism, is more interested than any other country in preserving world peace. In this context, the recent statement of NATO on relations between East and West is alarming. NATO, the United States in particular, is making war preparations under the smokescreen of "peace-keeping". The NATO foreign ministers' conference stressed the need to pursue the policy of "strength" against the socialist countries *contrary to the people's wishes*. The statement issued after the three-day meeting in Washington said that US Pershing-2 and cruise missiles would continue to be sited in West Europe including the Federal Republic of Germany in accordance

with the established secret plan. Furthermore, the participants in the meeting called for the conventional weapons of NATO to be reinforced. In this document the United States, which tries to destroy the balance of strength by its policy of deployment, got its views passed in dealing with the conditions advanced by Greece, Denmark and Spain—regrettably, the Federal Republic of Germany is not involved in this—the views she had maintained on all matters associated with arms reduction including the Geneva, Vienna and Stockholm talks.

The conditions advanced by Greece, Denmark and Spain have meant opposing the essence of this statement whose content is the deployment of US medium-range weapons in Europe and anti-Soviet moves. No trace can be found of the loudly clamoured desire for detente. But in Article 7 of the statement they supported the revanchist position of the Federal Republic of Germany against the German Democratic Republic, the Polish People's Republic, Czechoslovakia and the Soviet Union, namely, against the core of the European Treaty system.

As was pointed out at the Seventh Plenary Meeting of the SED Central Committee, all this shows that fighting for world peace has become a pressing task, particularly at the present time.

I stress here that the GDR will as always, stand in the van of the ranks of the people striving to prevent a nuclear holocaust and to maintain peace for generations to come.

The Prague declaration of the Warsaw Treaty member nations and the Moscow statement of leaders of socialist countries put forward a constructive programme of preserving world peace.

The GDR is making every effort to accomplish this proposal.

We fully support the Soviet Union's proposal for freezing the nuclear armoury, restricting and reducing armaments and prohibiting chemical weapons on the principle of equality and equal security.

I would like to emphasize the recent appeal of the Warsaw Treaty member nations for the signing of a treaty on prohibiting the use of military power between the Warsaw Treaty member nations and the NATO member nations and maintaining peaceful relations between them.

This was an important step towards greater security.

An agreement of both sides to the reduction of military spending would be conducive to reducing the armed forces and arms expenses effectively and ensuring that the balance of strength is maintained at the minimum level

The initiative of socialist states is aimed at settling the disputes in a peaceful way, consolidating peace and preventing a nuclear holocaust. It is more important than ever before to strengthen the joint action of all forces which truly want peace. We must spare no efforts to develop healthy international relations and to frustrate the schemes of the United States and the NATO forces obsessed as they are with the idea of playing with fire which may cause the destruction of mankind harbouring as they do, illusions about nuclear first strike.

We consider that the joint appeal of the prominent heads of states and governments of six countries in the four continents—"Let us halt and frustrate the moves made towards world-wide destruction"—is a bold step in the right direction. This appeal will pave the way for freezing nuclear weapons and, furthermore, for reducing them considerably

In future the GDR will also study the problems realistically and act with discretion using every opportunity to hold dialogues with political forces calling for peace, disarmament, the recovery of detente, good-neighbourly relations and cooperation among peoples

From the very moment that we set up our socialist state, we proclaimed the maintenance of peace as the supreme principle of our policy. Since then, we have acted in accordance with it. With every means at our disposal we will fulfil our duty lest war should again break out on German soil.

Therefore, I take this opportunity to note with great satisfaction that the DPRK standing on the eastern outpost of socialism supports the proposals put forward by the Soviet Union and other Warsaw Treaty member nations for peace and detente.

Asia, where nearly a half of the world's population lives, holds an important place in the great struggle of our time for peace and social progress

According to the plan of the Reagan Administration, Asia like Western Europe, will play the role of a base for nuclear first strike from a

region far away from the United States. But such nuclear first strike will undoubtedly run up against an annihilating counterattack. The schemes of the US imperialists to involve the Asian continent and Pacific region in their policy of confrontation and arms expansion gravely menace the Asian people and world peace.

Therefore, the proposals put forward by the Soviet Union, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Mongolian People's Republic and Asian countries including the socialist countries in Indochina are very realistic.

These proposals can expand all forms of peaceful cooperation, involve many more countries in healing and stabilizing the international situation and remove and liquidate the sites of the present tensions and confrontations.

We fully support the appeal of the DPRK Supreme People's Assembly for shipping the US nuclear weapons out of south Korea and preventing its further conversion into a forward base of such weapons. We stand firmly on the side of the Korean people who are struggling to drive the US forces completely out of south Korea at once and to reunify the country peacefully in a democratic way without foreign interference. We hail the January 10 proposal of the DPRK for holding tripartite talks between the DPRK, the USA and south Korea to replace the Armistice Agreement signed in 1953 with a peace agreement between the DPRK and the USA and adopt a non-aggression declaration between the DPRK and south Korea. We express firm solidarity with the south Korean patriots in their devoted struggle for the just cause.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, our meeting in Berlin clearly shows once again that the GDR and the DPRK are trusty friends and true comrades-in-arms in the struggle for socialism and peace. In this sense, we will tighten the bonds of mutual cooperation for the well-being of our two peoples and develop it successfully.

With all our hearts, dear Korean comrades and friends, we wish you greater success in the socialist construction of your country.

Long live our common cause for peace and socialism!

Long live Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism!

Long live the Workers' Party of Korea headed by our friend

Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of its Central Committee and DPRK President'

Long live the indestructible friendship and close cooperation between the SED and WPK and between the GDR and DPRK!

COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF COMRADE ERICH HONECKER

June 1, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker,
Esteemed Party and state leaders of the German Democratic Republic,
Comrades and friends,

I wish to express my deep gratitude to you Comrade Erich Honecker and the Party and state leaders of the GDR for your attendance at this modest dinner party which we have arranged.

During our stay in your country, we have been warmly welcomed by the brothers of the GDR, and have spent a very pleasant and worthwhile time. The sight of beautiful cities, developed factories and farm villages in this country stirred many feelings in us, and your hearty hospitality and warm fraternal feelings made a deep impression on us.

On the day of our arrival in the GDR, large numbers of Berlin citizens were out in the streets to greet us warmly in spite of the rain, and yesterday various sections of the people in the Frankfurt-on-Oder County enthusiastically welcomed us, singing and dancing all along the many, many miles of roads we travelled. On my second visit to this county after an interval of 28 years, I again inspected, and was deeply impressed by, the Golzow Agricultural Producers' Cooperative and the State-run Iron and Steel Works named after Hermann Matern, both of which had made large strides in the interim. I also had emotional meetings with old friends of mine with whom I shared our most intimate emotions, deepening our fraternal feelings.

In spite of the pressure of work, esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker took a lot of time off his tight schedule to have discussions and talks

discussed the problems of closely cooperating with each other in the struggle to oppose the imperialist policy of aggression and war, to safeguard peace and security in Asia and Europe and to achieve the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement, and have reached a satisfactory consensus of opinion.

On this occasion a Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation has been concluded between the DPRK and the GDR.

This treaty will contribute greatly to consolidating and developing the traditional bonds of friendship and cooperation between the two peoples based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and also to accelerating socialist construction in the two countries. It will have an inspiring effect on achieving unity and solidarity among the socialist countries and the international communist movement.

I am very satisfied, indeed, with our successful visit to the GDR and with its good results.

We are convinced that this visit will be an epochal opportunity of strengthening and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of Korea and the GDR just as the visit of Comrade Erich Honecker to our country was in December 1977.

The admirable consequences of our delegation's visit to the GDR will display great vitality in the future joint struggle to win the cause of peace, socialism and communism and will bloom more beautifully in the flower garden of friendship between Korea and the GDR, which has been cultivated by the joint efforts of the two peoples.

We have received an unforgettable impression of your country on our current visit.

When we return home, we will convey to our people the warm welcome and exceptional hospitality accorded us by the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the Government and people of the GDR, the heroic struggle of your working class and other working people as well as your achievements.

In conclusion, I heartily wish you continued progress in your efforts to improve the people's material and cultural standards, based on the high rate of production development, higher economic efficiency, the development of science and technology and increased labour productivity.

I propose a toast to the indestructible brotherly friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and the GDR,
to a long life and good health of esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker,
to the health of Party and state leaders of the GDR, and
to the health of all other comrades and friends present here

SPEECH OF COMRADE ERICH HONECKER AT THE BANQUET GIVEN BY COMRADE KIM IL SUNG

June 1, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Dear Korean comrades and friends,

To begin with, I would like to express my heartfelt thanks to you, esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung, for your kind invitation to the banquet and for your high appreciation of the success made by our people and of the revolutionary enthusiasm and creative ability of our working people.

Visiting our country this year which marks the 35th anniversary of the founding of the GDR, you must have seen for yourself how our people live and the social changes that have been brought about by socialism.

You must have been able to get to know better the development of our national economy and the level of development of our science, technology and culture. You must have felt in all this and through meetings with our people how deeply the friendly sentiments towards the DPRK are rooted in the minds of our people.

We have had sincere and candid talks and agreed in affirming that the current meeting between us would not only revitalize cooperation in the future in the interests of the peoples of our two countries, but also encourage our joint struggle for peace and against the danger of nuclear holocaust.

We are of the same opinion that the present international situation which has become aggravated owing to the manoeuvres for confrontation and armament expansion by the most aggressive forces of imperialism, the US in particular, requires more urgently than ever that all the people rise in the struggle for peace.

The US imperialists are making *frantic efforts* to achieve their wild ambition for world supremacy in all areas, including Europe, the Middle East, Latin America, the Indian Ocean and Africa

They continue to deploy more new-type missiles and nuclear weapons and expand the network of military bases around the Soviet Union and socialist states in Asia in an effort to turn the balance of military forces in these regions in their favour.

South Korea plays a special role in such manoeuvres of the US imperialists as a bridgehead for their military operation against the Asian continent

The might of the socialist countries serves as a firm guarantee for defending socialism from all attacks by the enemy. We have always ensured and will certainly ensure as always the work of defending socialism on a proper level.

Dear comrades and friends,

The GDR visit of Comrade Kim Il Sung, our friend and comrade-in-arms, has been a good opportunity of exchanging views on the international political situation, informing each other of socialist construction in our two countries and sharing experience with each other

We have also been able to sum up how our agreements in December 1977 on the relations between our two states have been implemented and to exchange proposals and views for the development of our relations in the future.

The development of relations between the two countries is expressed in the GDR-DPRK Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation which we signed today. The signing of this treaty has produced a great response in the GDR, and opened a new phase in the relations between our two countries.

Through the implementation of this treaty, our two states will contribute greatly to strengthening unity and solidarity of the socialist countries

At the same time, this treaty is an effective guarantee for a comprehensive and direct exchange of experiences related to the implementation of Party congress decisions in the fields of politics, the economy, science, technology, and culture. It can also be considered to be

a good basis for the common struggle for peace and socialism.

Respected Comrade Kim Il Sung,

We think that your present visit to the GDR is a good expression of dependable internationalist friendship and militant cooperation between our two Parties and two countries and two peoples.

We reaffirm that the GDR people will stand firm in the future, too, by the Korean people who are struggling for peace and socialist construction and for peaceful and democratic national reunification free from foreign interference.

We hope that, once you are back home, you will convey the fraternal and militant greetings of the GDR communists and entire people to all the communists and friends in the DPRK and to the rest of the heroic Korean people.

We will do all we can to further strengthen socialism and defend peace on the solid basis of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

We wish you many excellent successes in your forthcoming visits to other socialist countries and wish the entire Korean people good success.

In conclusion, I would like to propose a toast to the unbreakable, militant fraternity between the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the Workers' Party of Korea,

to the invincible friendship between the GDR and DPRK peoples, to new and great victory in the joint cause of peace and socialism, to the long life in good health of esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung, and to the health of all the Korean comrades present here.

THE TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN THE DPRK AND THE GDR

Recognizing that there exist between the two countries close relations of friendship and unity, multilateral cooperation and solidarity based on the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, respect for sovereignty, complete equality, non-interference in other's internal affairs, comradely cooperation and mutual benefits,

Believing that to consolidate and develop these relations is in accord with the fundamental interests of the peoples of the DPRK and the GDR and will have an inspiring influence on strengthening unity between socialist countries and close cooperation with developing countries.

Out of the desire to contribute actively to strengthening friendship and unity, cooperation and solidarity between socialist and non-aligned countries and cooperation between the peace-loving countries of the East and to defending peace and security in Asia, Europe and the rest of the world, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the German Democratic Republic decided to conclude this treaty and agree upon the following points

Article 1

The high-level contracting parties ~~shall~~ ~~strengthen~~ ~~the~~ ~~friendship and unity between the two parties~~ ~~and~~ ~~will~~ ~~comprehensively expand and develop~~ ~~the~~ ~~relations~~ ~~on~~ ~~the~~ ~~basis~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~principles of proletarian internationalism~~ ~~and~~ ~~complete equality, non-interference~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~internal~~ ~~affairs~~ ~~of~~ ~~each~~ ~~other~~ ~~and~~ ~~comradely~~ ~~cooperation and mutual benefit~~

Article 2

The high-level contracting parties shall expand the exchange of experiences in different fields of socialist construction and see that relations and cooperation between public organizations are strengthened.

Article 3

The high-level contracting parties shall continue developing cooperation in economy, culture, science, technology, education, public health, literature, art, the press, news service, broadcasting, television, cinema, communications, sports, tourism and other fields.

Article 4

The high-level contracting parties shall actively strive to defend the gains of socialism, achieve unity and cohesion of the socialist countries on the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and develop friendly and cooperative relations among them.

Article 5

The high-level contracting parties shall actively support the people's struggle to defend world peace and security and achieve national liberation, consolidate independence and attain social progress against imperialism, militarism, revanchism, old and new colonialism and racism.

Article 6

The high-level contracting parties shall make every possible effort to

develop relations with countries of differing social systems on the principles of respect for sovereignty, territorial integrity, non interference in the internal affairs of others, equality and mutual benefit and to preserve and consolidate peace in Asia and Europe

Article 7

The high-level contracting parties consider that it is an important precondition for guaranteeing peace and security to resolutely oppose the threat of force and its use and strictly observe the ban on the threat of force and its use in settling international disputes, which is a principle recognized by international law.

Article 8

The high-level contracting parties shall make every effort to have the foreign troops present in south Korea totally withdrawn along with their nuclear weapons and all other military equipment and replace the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement in order to promote the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea

Article 9

The high-level contracting parties shall adhere to the principle that West Berlin is not a part of the Federal Republic of Germany and will not be ruled by it in the future, either, according to the four-way agreement dated September 3, 1971.

Article 10

The high-level contracting parties shall inform one another of any

discuss the major international issues of common concern and other matters and take joint action in the agreed spirit.

Article 11

This treaty shall come into force on the day of its signing and be valid for 25 years.

If neither of the high-level contracting parties notifies the abrogation of this treaty by letter 12 months before the expiration of its term, it shall be extended for further periods of 10 years at a time.

Signed in Berlin on June 1, 1984, and done in duplicate in Korean and German, both texts being equally authentic.

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party
of Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

Erich Honecker
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Socialist Unity
Party of Germany
Chairman of the State Council of
the German Democratic Republic

**THE GREAT LEADER COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S
WRITTEN COMMENTS DURING
HIS VISIT TO THE GDR**

*After His Inspection of the Brandenburg Gate and the
GDR Border on May 30, 1984:*

**Long live the German Democratic Republic, the land
of the socialist German people and working class!**

*On His Visit to the Ernst Thaelmann Young Pioneers
Palace on May 30, 1984.*

**Prepare yourselves soundly as reserves for com-
munist construction!**

*On His Tour of the Golzow Agricultural Producers'
Cooperative on May 31, 1984.*

**Congratulations to the members of the Golzow
Agricultural Producers' Cooperative upon their suc-
cesses in socialist rural construction.**

*After Inspecting the State-run Iron and Steel Works
Named after Hermann Matern on May 31, 1984;*

While visiting Frankfurt-on-Oder County and the State-run Iron and Steel Works, we have been deeply impressed by the fact that the GDR working class and other workers, under the leadership of esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker, are scoring brilliant successes in their endeavours to implement the decisions of the 10th Congress of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany.

I wish the GDR working class and other workers renewed victory in their efforts for building an advanced socialist society.

*At the Oxygen Blowing Converter Shop of the State-run
Iron and Steel Works on May 31, 1984;*

Warm congratulations to the working class of the State-run Iron and Steel Works named after Hermann Matern upon their achievements in developing the metallurgical industry of the country under the leadership of Comrade Erich Honecker.

*After Seeing Mt. Bastei, a Scenic Spot of the GDR on
June 3, 1984;*

I wish the courageous and industrious GDR working people new success in their struggle to build a developed socialist society under the leadership of esteemed Comrade Honecker.

My wish is that the German Democratic Republic will thrive forever like the beautiful mountains and rivers of Germany!

At the Gohrisch Cabinet Guest House in Dresden on June 3, 1984.

We have been deeply moved by the sincere and kind hospitality accorded us by the cadres and the people in the county and the workers of the Gohrisch Cabinet Guest House during our stay in Dresden on the last leg of our visit to the GDR.

I express deep thanks to esteemed Comrade Erich Honecker, for his deep concern with which he gave us an opportunity to have a pleasant time of enjoying the beautiful scenery of Dresden, to Horst Sindermann who has guided us with utmost sincerity, and to the cadres of the Dresden County and the workers of the Gohrisch Cabinet Guest House for their kind hospitality.

Fraternal friendship between the peoples of Korea and the GDR will be everlasting.

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

Berlin

June 4, 1984

Comrade Erich Honecker
General Secretary of the Central Committee of the
Socialist Unity Party of Germany
Chairman of the State Council of the German
Democratic Republic

We are leaving your country, deeply cherishing the earnest wishes and warm feelings of militant friendship of the fraternal GDR people for the Korean people.

During our stay in the GDR you and the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and GDR Government and people warmly welcomed us and accorded us the greatest hospitality with exceptional comradely fraternity and friendship.

This was a striking expression of the ever more favourably developing traditional relations of friendship between Korea and the GDR and a powerful demonstration of the indestructibility of the militant unity between the Parties and peoples of the two countries.

Crossing the borderline of your country, I express deep thanks once again to you and, through you, to the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the Government and people of the German Democratic Republic for having cordially met our delegation and warmly welcomed it and for having extended active support and solidarity for the just revolutionary cause of our people.

We are very happy to note that our visit to your country has been

successful and has marked an epoch-making occasion in the continuing development of the traditional friendly and cooperative relations between the two countries based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism

Availing myself of this opportunity, I sincerely wish you and your people greater success in the struggle for an overall consolidation of the German Democratic Republic and peace in Europe and the world

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party of
Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

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**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE
CZECHOSLOVAK SOCIALIST
REPUBLIC**

**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE
CZECHOSLOVAK SOCIALIST
REPUBLIC**

**COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT THE BANQUET
GIVEN BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE
CZECHOSLOVAK COMMUNIST PARTY, THE PRESIDENT
AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CSR**

June 4, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak,
Esteemed Party and Government leaders of Czechoslovakia,
Comrades and friends,

We are very happy to meet you again on our visit to this beautiful land of brothers—Czechoslovakia

Allow me first of all to convey the warm fraternal greetings from the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people to the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, the Government of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic and the Czechoslovak people

Today the Party and state leaders and people of Czechoslovakia accorded us kind hospitality and a warm welcome from the very moment we entered your country. In the capital city, Prague, large numbers of citizens thronged into the streets, dressed in their Sunday best and welcomed us very enthusiastically, singing songs of friendship

We were greatly impressed by the unusually warm welcome and hospitality of Czechoslovak Party and Government leaders and the citizens of Prague. Your fervent welcome and cordial hospitality filled with the feelings of friendship are a vivid expression of the profound love and friendship which your people cherish towards our people and the clear demonstration of good friendly relations between our two countries

Let me express my heartfelt thanks to you for the warm welcome accorded us by you and the citizens of Prague today and for this grand banquet given by esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak and for his cordial words of welcome.

The friendship between the peoples of Korea and Czechoslovakia was sealed and blossomed in their joint struggle against imperialism and for the building of socialism. It has developed onto a new and higher phase since the visit of esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak to our country in June 1973. At that time we met in Pyongyang, expressed our friendly feelings, deepened our comradeship and put up a new milestone in the development of the relations between the two countries.

Continuing to strengthen and develop the relations of friendship and cooperation between the Korean and Czechoslovak peoples is of great significance not only in accelerating the revolution and construction in our two countries but also in increasing the socialist forces as a whole.

We are visiting your country to see you again with a sincere desire to deepen our comradeship, further strengthen and develop the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries, exchange views on matters of mutual concern in carrying out our common cause of peace and socialism and to witness the energetic struggle of the Czechoslovak people who are vigorously advancing on the road of socialism.

The diligent and resourceful Czechoslovak people achieved the glorious February Victory after their liberation from the wicked rule of fascism and then got on the road of socialism. In the difficult situation of an acute class struggle against their enemies at home and abroad, they have made great strides and great socialist changes in a short period of history, which would have been inconceivable in the past.

The prosperous socialist Czechoslovakia which has been established imposingly in the heart of Europe, is the brilliant fruit of the creative labour of your diligent and talented people; it is the great revolutionary achievement you have protected in the fierce struggle against the class enemies.

In the past the imperialists and the counter-revolutionary forces wickedly intrigued by creating political crises in an attempt to sidetrack the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic from the road of socialism. But the

Czechoslovak people maintained *militant* ties with the socialist countries and succeeded in frustrating all manner of intrigues on the part of the counter-revolutionary forces instigated by the imperialists, and thus firmly defended the socialist system.

The socialist changes that have taken place in Czechoslovakia since her liberation and the *triumphant advance* of the revolution testify once more that socialism is invincible and that no force can ever block the road to socialism.

Socialism and communism are the ideal of mankind. The imperialists and reactionaries have tried every means to obliterate the communist ideology since its emergence. In spite of this, communism has not been wiped out but, on the contrary, it has turned into a great material force, and at present socialism is winning victory after victory on a worldwide scale. It is an irresistible trend of our time that countries and nations advance on the road of socialism and that socialism continues to develop and grow in strength.

Our people warmly congratulate the people of your country on their great success in the struggle to carry out the Seventh Five-Year Plan and to build a developed socialist society under the leadership of the Czechoslovak Communist Party headed by esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak, according to the general line of the Party set forth at its 16th Congress. Our people wish them greater success in the future.

The Czechoslovaks are peace-loving people and the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic is an ardent peace-loving state. The Party and Government of Czechoslovakia are making strenuous efforts to check and frustrate the imperialist moves for aggression and war and to safeguard world peace and security.

We extend full support for and firm solidarity with the Party and Government of Czechoslovakia in their peaceful proposals for the prevention of war in Europe and for the defence of the bulwark of peace and socialism and also in their measures against the manoeuvrings by the imperialist powers for a new war.

The struggle for peace and socialism is going on vigorously in Asia, too, and the Korean people are standing firm in defence of the eastern outpost of socialism.

We are fighting for the complete triumph of socialism and for independent, peaceful national reunification in the difficult situation where the country is divided into north and south and we are confronted directly by the US imperialists, the ringleader of world reaction. In this struggle our people always feel the warmth of support and encouragement from the fraternal Czechoslovak people.

The Party, Government and people of Czechoslovakia rendered unselfish moral and material assistance to our people in the years of the grim Fatherland Liberation War against the US imperialists and in their difficult postwar reconstruction, fulfilling their obligation as class brothers; and they are still actively supporting and cooperating with our people in their struggle for socialist construction and national reunification.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I offer my deep thanks to the Czechoslovak brothers for their sincere assistance to our people's just cause.

Comrades and friends,

The solidarity among the socialist countries and the unity of the international communist movement are a powerful factor that gives a strong impetus to the revolutionary struggle of the peoples to defeat the imperialists' moves for aggression and war, defend world peace and security and win their national independence and social progress.

As in the past, so also in the future, we will use all our efforts to strengthen the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement and to win the cause of peace and socialism, under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

Believing that our present visit to your country will bear good fruit amidst your warm hospitality and will register a lasting record in the proud annals of friendship between Korea and Czechoslovakia, I would like to take this important opportunity of boundless brotherhood, to propose a toast to the indestructible fraternal friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Czechoslovak peoples,

to the strengthening and development of the Czechoslovak

Communist Party and the prosperity of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic,

to the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement,

to world peace,

to the health of esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak,

to the health of Party and state leaders of Czechoslovakia, and

to the health of all other comrades and friends present here.

**SPEECH OF COMRADE GUSTAV HUSAK AT
THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF
COMRADE KIM IL SUNG**

June 4, 1984

Esteemed Comrade President and General Secretary,
Esteemed friends from Korea,
Comrades,

Allow me to take this opportunity in Prague to extend, on behalf of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, the Government and people of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic and on my own behalf, another hearty welcome to the Party and state delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, President of the DPRK, and a friend of ours.

We welcome you, esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung, as the leader of the courageous Korean people, as an anti-imperialist fighter and as a prominent figure in the international communist and working-class movement.

We regard your visit as a token of unbreakable friendship which has been promoted over a long period between our two Parties, states and peoples.

Our two countries are thousands of kilometres away from each other, but our historical destiny, common idea and similarity of wishes have linked us closely together.

The struggle for freedom and independence against imperialism and fascism and the cause of socialist construction to create a new life have led our nations to this day of socialism and erected a milestone in the historic

course which has laid the basis of friendship between Czechoslovakia and Korea

The Czechoslovak people, with keen feelings of internationalist solidarity, were standing by the heroic Korean people who were opposed to the US imperialist invasion.

Along with the Soviet Union and other socialist countries, our people supported the Korean people in their endeavour to heal their war wounds and reconstruct their country during the postwar days

We, as your friends, rejoice at the successes achieved by the Korean working people in developing the national economy, improving their living standards and promoting culture and education under the leadership of the WPK headed by you, esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung.

We heartily wish you renewed success in reaching the targets set by the Sixth Congress of the WPK and in building a socialist country.

Our people are also making great efforts, under the leadership of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, to implement the programme for the construction of a socialist society formulated by the Party's 16th Congress.

During the three years since that Congress, successes have been achieved in political, economic, social and cultural fields. This proves that our Party policy is correct and that it enjoys the support of the broad masses of the working people.

We do not conceal that we have still to overcome some difficulties and obstacles

Our achievements, the resources and possibilities of our country, cooperation with the Soviet Union and other brotherly countries and its prospect inspire us with confidence in the future.

Esteemed friends from Korea,

We recall with delight the visit of the Czechoslovak Party and state delegation to your country in 1973, our comradely meeting with you Comrade Kim Il Sung, and the warm welcome we received from the Korean working people.

At our talks which began today in an atmosphere of trust and mutual understanding, we could state with satisfaction that the relations between

Czechoslovakia and Korea had been further strengthened since our visit to your country.

This is substantiated by the exchange of political delegations, members of the government and legislative organs and national front organizations, men of science, culture and the press media.

Mutually beneficial economic, scientific and technical cooperation has an important role to play.

I believe that the results of the talks between the two delegations will provide a new occasion for strengthening the bonds of traditional friendship and mutual cooperation based on the tested principles of Marxism-Leninism and socialist internationalism.

In the future, too, we will attach great significance to the comradely relations between the CCP and the WPK.

This accords with the interests of our two countries and of the common struggle for world peace and the cause of socialism.

Esteemed comrades,

The work for fulfilling the construction plan and for a happy future for our people is inseparably linked with the efforts to establish a durable peace.

We regard this as our main task in the present situation which has been aggravated by the aggressive and militaristic policy of imperialism, notably the US ruling circles and their NATO allies.

The historic experience of our people clearly proves that this task can be carried out only through a resolute struggle to frustrate the dangerous aggressive schemes of imperialism and to avert the danger of war.

We, in unbreakable harmony with the Soviet Union and other states of the socialist community, are striving to terminate the frantic arms race and restore the policy of detente and international cooperation.

Our people unreservedly support the peace proposals of the Warsaw Treaty member nations contained in the Prague Political Declaration which was adopted in January last year, and the Soviet Union's creative plans which indicate a realistic and reasonable way of converting Europe into a peaceful continent and guaranteeing a peaceful future to all nations.

This is the reason why the peace policy and constructive proposals of socialist countries are winning ever greater support throughout the world.

Peace and international security are vital to the interests of all nations.

The struggle against the aggressive policy of imperialism which creates dangerous sources of tension on the globe and tramples upon the inviolable rights of the people, demands increased efforts on the part of the progressive, democratic and peace-loving forces of all continents

What is of decisive significance in this regard is the unity and concerted action of the socialist countries.

In this spirit we express full support for the just struggle of the Korean people to make the US troops withdraw from south Korea and to reunify the country peacefully on a democratic basis

We will in the future, also, continue to support the proposals of the DPRK which pursue this purpose.

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,

Esteemed Korean friends,

I hope that you will have a pleasant time during your visit to Czechoslovakia which will be an opportunity for you to experience our friendship and solidarity with your country and the courageous Korean people.

I think your arrival in Prague today is good proof of this friendship and solidarity.

I am convinced that your present visit to Czechoslovakia will make an important contribution to the development of Czechoslovakia-Korea relations

I propose a toast to renewed success in the Korean people's efforts to build socialism and reunify Korea,

to friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, states and peoples,

to the health of Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the WPK and President of the DPRK,

to the health of Korean friends, and

to the health of all comrades present here

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society of Czechoslovakia.

Convinced of the justness of their cause, today the Czechoslovak people work devotedly with hope and zeal and advance robustly on the road to socialism.

We warmly rejoice at the great successes and achievements which have been made by the Czechoslovak people in their revolutionary struggle and constructive work. In particular, your people crushed the plots of the imperialists and the counter-revolutionary forces which could not bear to see Czechoslovakia advance on the road of socialism. Since then, under the leadership of the Czechoslovak Communist Party headed by Comrade Gustav Husak, they have successfully carried out the enormous task of restoring national stability, consolidating the socialist system, developing the economy and culture and improving the people's standard of living.

Here, we highly esteem the valiant exploits performed by Comrade Gustav Husak who, taking up the highest post of Party leadership in a very difficult and complex situation, took control of the national crisis before it was too late, achieved stability, improved every aspect of Party and state affairs, and roused the broad masses of the people to the energetic struggle for socialist construction.

The Czechoslovak people are hard-working and talented. We feel once more the application and outstanding talent of your people in the beautiful appearance of Prague which is a harmonious combination of classical and modern beauty.

The Czechoslovak people will soon commemorate the 40th anniversary of the historic Slovak Popular Uprising. The Slovak Popular Uprising which was led by the staunch communists of Czechoslovakia was of great significance in the revolutionary struggle of the Slovak people to overthrow the anti-people puppet regime and free their country from the German fascist occupiers. To greet the 40th anniversary of the Slovak Popular Uprising the Czechoslovak people are carrying out a vigorous struggle to implement the decisions of the 16th Congress of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia with a high degree of revolutionary dedication. We fully believe that the fraternal Czechoslovak people will achieve new and greater successes in the struggle to carry out the Seventh Five-

COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S ADDRESS TO THE PRAGUE CITY MASS MEETING

June 6, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak,
Esteemed Party and state leaders of Czechoslovakia,
Citizens of Prague,
Comrades and friends,

Today you have kindly invited us to this grand mass meeting which is held in Prague, renowned for its long history and brilliant culture, and which will enrich the friendship between the peoples of Korea and Czechoslovakia.

Comrade Gustav Husak, a close friend of ours, has made an excellent speech which is filled with feelings of warm comradeship between us and of close, militant friendship between the peoples of our two countries. This has added to our pleasure.

We have been deeply moved by the sincere, warm welcome and hospitality accorded us by the Czechoslovak Party, Government and people, for which I should like to express my deep thanks to you.

Allow me to take the opportunity of this important meeting with you to convey sincere fraternal greetings from our Party, Government and people to the Czechoslovak Communist Party, Government and people and to all the citizens of Prague.

This time we have travelled to your beautiful country by following the path of the ties of great socialist friendship which links the vast stretch of land from the eastern tip of Asia to the centre of Europe.

Czechoslovakia is a socialist country, rich and good to live in. Visiting your country after a long time, we are greatly impressed by the developed

strengthen revolutionary solidarity.

Korea and Czechoslovakia embarked on the socialist road after World War II, formed unbreakable bonds of militant friendship as class brothers and strengthened revolutionary unity and solidarity in the course of their common struggle against imperialism.

Through your exceptional hospitality shown us during our stay in your country and at this grand mass meeting, we feel more warmly than ever the true fraternal friendship and revolutionary solidarity of the Czechoslovak people with the Korean people.

The friendship and solidarity between the peoples of Korea and Czechoslovakia are very valuable and they will be further strengthened and developed in the common interests of our two countries and the socialist countries as a whole.

Comrades and friends,

Preventing war and defending peace is the most urgent problem at the moment for the socialist countries and all the peace-loving people throughout the world.

The imperialists who are in a serious politico-economic crisis which has no precedent in history are stepping up their moves of aggression and hostility to find a way out through war.

Openly boasting that they will wipe out socialism by "military supremacy", the US imperialists are madly continuing the arms race and are aggravating the situation to the limit by deploying their latest medium-range nuclear missiles in the Western European countries.

The situation in Asia today is also very tense.

The US imperialists have massed a large number of nuclear arms and other weapons of mass destruction in and around south Korea and endlessly continue their acts of aggression and hostility against our Republic.

The people want peace, but the imperialists do not want to stop their aggressive and warlike tactics. Because of these actions of the US imperialists, the danger of a new war now exists not only in Europe but also in Asia, and if a war breaks out in either of those continents it will immediately spread to become a global nuclear war.

Whether the mankind suffer a nuclear holocaust or defend peace

Year Plan and build a developed socialist society, united closely behind the Czechoslovak Communist Party led by Comrade Gustav Husak.

The struggle to build socialism is also going on successfully in our country. Under the correct leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea our people established an advanced socialist system in the northern half of the Republic and completed the task of socialist industrialization in a very short period in our history. In this way they have developed their country into a prosperous socialist state.

Our people who have accepted throughout the long years of their experience, the superiority and invincibility of socialism are working unceasingly to carry out the Second Seven-Year Plan and to attain the ten long-term objectives of socialist economic construction, under the banner of the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—according to the decisions of the Sixth Party Congress.

Socialist economic construction is an important revolutionary task of the working class party which has assumed power. The advantages of socialism must find full expression in all spheres, and socialism must therefore outdo capitalism in economic construction, as well. Only when socialist economic construction proceeds successfully so as to develop the productive forces to the highest degree and improve the material and cultural well-being of the people, will we be able to show the superiority of socialism to the full and succeed in the building of socialism and communism.

For efficient economic construction, the socialist countries should develop economic and technical cooperation and interchange among fraternal countries, in addition to mobilizing their own national capabilities to the maximum, including the strength of their own peoples.

The Government of our Republic will continue to expand and develop economic and technical cooperation and interchange with socialist countries, while mobilizing its own strength and domestic resources to the full in conformity with the existing demands of our socialist construction and the idea of internationalist friendship and solidarity.

The socialist countries should not only cooperate closely in the economic and technical affairs but should also unite politically and

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The socialist countries should not only cooperate closely in the economic and technical affairs but should also unite politically and

difficult period of postwar reconstruction. They still actively support and encourage our people in their cause for the building of socialism and for national reunification. We are grateful to them for this support.

During our present visit to your country, we have received a warm welcome and sincere hospitality from the Czechoslovak Party, Government and people

At the talks which have been held in a friendly and amicable atmosphere, the leaders of our two countries frankly discussed international problems of common concern and the problems of relations between the two countries and they confirmed the common desire to expand and develop the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries still further in the future

We are greatly satisfied with the fact that we have further promoted fraternal friendship with esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak and other leaders of the Czechoslovak Party and Government and have achieved the results which we desired during our visit to your country.

This visit to the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic will be an important opportunity to raise the traditional friendly and cooperative relations between the Parties, Governments and peoples of our two countries onto a new and higher stage and will contribute to strengthening the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement and to defending world peace and security.

No force can ever break the friendship and solidarity between the peoples of our two countries, which has been formed and strengthened on the road of the struggle to achieve the common aim and ideal

The Korean people will, in the future, too, as in the past, fight on even more resolutely to check and frustrate the imperialist moves towards aggression and war and to win the cause of peace, socialism and communism, in unity with the peoples of Czechoslovakia and other socialist countries and with all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces around the world.

Long live the indestructible fraternity and solidarity between the Korean and Czechoslovak peoples!

Long live the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and of the international communist movement!

depends, in the long run, on how the broad anti-imperialist peace forces of the world, including the socialist forces, strive to check and frustrate the imperialist moves towards war. Peace does not come of itself; it can only be won and defended by a determined struggle.

The Communist Party, Government and people of Czechoslovakia have made consistent efforts to oppose the imperialist policy of aggression and strife and to safeguard peace and security in Europe and other parts of the world. Since the announcement of the Prague Political Declaration in January 1983 by the signatories to the Warsaw Treaty, they have been making every possible effort to put the declaration into effect.

We actively support the Party and Government of Czechoslovakia in their peace measures to dispel the danger of nuclear war and to consolidate peace in Europe as well as in their steps to counter the US imperialists' deployment of a new type of medium-range nuclear missiles in Western European countries.

Our Party and the Government of our Republic are constantly working to prevent a new war and to preserve peace in the Korean peninsula as well as to achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of our country.

Out of our desire for peace, we proposed at the Sixth Party Congress to reunify the country by establishing the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo. Early this year we made an historic proposal for tripartite talks which will permit the south Korean authorities to participate in the DPRK-US negotiations.

This proposal for the tripartite talks was prompted by our desire to ease the tension in the Korean peninsula and to guarantee a peaceful solution to the Korean question. Precisely for this reason, our new proposal enjoys active support from the progressive people throughout the world, and has been welcomed by them.

The Czechoslovak people, as our class brothers, have given constant, sincere support to our people in their cause, both in difficult and pleasant situations.

We do not forget that the Czechoslovak people gave our people material and moral assistance in the grim years of the Fatherland Liberation War against the US imperialist aggressors and during the

difficult period of postwar reconstruction. They still actively support and encourage our people in their cause for the building of socialism and for national reunification. We are grateful to them for this support.

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Long live the indestructible *fraternity* and solidarity between the Korean and Czechoslovak peoples!

Long live the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and of the international communist movement!

Long live Comrade Gustav Husak, General Secretary of the CC of the Czechoslovak Communist Party and President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic!

Long live the Czechoslovak Communist Party and the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic!

Long live world peace!

**COMRADE GUSTAV HUSAK'S ADDRESS TO
THE PRAGUE CITY MASS MEETING TO
WELCOME COMRADE KIM IL SUNG**

June 6, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Esteemed Korean friends,
Comrades,

In the name of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, the federal government and all our people, I am very pleased to welcome the Party and state delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea at this mass rally of Prague working people.

A particular hearty welcome goes to Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and DPRK President.

We believe that the visit of Korea's supreme leader to our country, which is an expression of the traditional friendship between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples, will mark an important occasion in further developing cooperation between Czechoslovakia and Korea.

The talks between our two delegations and individual contacts with Comrade Kim Il Sung, and talks between other comrades were held in a comradely atmosphere of complete mutual understanding. The results of the talks clearly attest to the fact that both sides are committed to deepening and expanding exchanges between the Party and state organs, social organizations and scientific and cultural institutions of the two countries. At the same time, we will follow up the successes achieved after the visit of a Czechoslovak Party and state delegation to the DPRK in 1973. We attach particular importance to mutually beneficial economic

and scientific-technological cooperation.

I assure you, Korean guests, that I shall make every possible effort to increase the strength of our relations and cooperation based on the principle of Marxism-Leninism and socialist internationalism.

Comrades,

The Czechoslovak people share feelings of internationalist solidarity with the fraternal Korean people. They are aware of the Korean people's painful history and sincerely respect their glorious revolutionary traditions established in a protracted, uncompromising struggle against foreign occupation. They know that in the period of the Second World War the Korean people with arms in hand won freedom and independence, in spite of many sacrifices, shoulder to shoulder with the heroic Soviet Army. We stood firm behind the Korean people also in the period when they were waging a heroic struggle against US imperialist aggression. The unselfish aid given by Czechoslovakia and other socialist countries enabled the Korean people to rise up from the ruins and build a new, more beautiful state.

Since then, great changes have taken place in the DPRK. A developing industry, intensive agricultural production, new dwellings for hundreds of thousands of family units, schools, public health, cultural, sports and educational establishments, all-round care for the new generation, and growing material and cultural standards—this is the present appearance of the DPRK.

The Korean working people may well be proud of the successes they have achieved under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung. These successes have been made under the difficult conditions caused by the artificial division of Korea. The US imperialists continue to occupy south Korea militarily, thus hampering national reunification, and they are creating tensions on the boundary between the two parts of Korea.

The Czechoslovak Socialist Republic has firmly supported and will continue to support in the future the DPRK's efforts to reunify the country peacefully on a democratic basis without foreign interference. In particular, we support the constructive proposals of the DPRK for achieving the just goal of national reunification, including the problem of

making the US troops withdraw from south Korea and signing a peace agreement, of reducing armed forces of both sides and turning the Korean peninsula into a nuclear-free zone.

Esteemed comrades,

Today our country, like the DPRK, is carrying out the creative construction work necessary to realize the programme of the 16th Party Congress. The unity between the Party and people has been strengthened in the joint work, the fraternal relations between the nationalities and minority groups of our country deepened, the positiveness and creativity of working people risen. The majority of our people rightly champion their interests and the demand for the future development of society and are contributing to improving the internal and external position of Czechoslovakia.

We are paying primary attention to the rapid transition of the national economy towards its intensive development and to its high growth, and notably to the fulfilment and, if possible, overfulfilment of the Seventh Five-Year Plan with regard to its goal of raising quality. On the basis of favourable results registered last year the 10th Plenary Meeting of the Party Central Committee convened last April set higher goals to be attained this year and next year. We respond to the appeal of the CCP Central Committee, CSR Government and National Front Central Committee to mark the 40th anniversary of the victory of the national liberation struggle and the liberation of the country by the Soviet Army by adopting substantial enterprises which have to be fulfilled or, in some cases, by reaffirming the tasks already adopted.

We evaluate our successes affirmatively. But this does not mean that we can rest on our laurels or can be allowed to do so. We do not mean that everything is going as well as we should like. We criticize our shortcomings openly and urge the working people to remedy them. The improvement of management, and the strengthening of socialist organization, discipline, individual responsibility and inspection are a link in such efforts. We give primary consideration to the enhancement of quality, the promotion of scientific-technological development and the strengthening of thrift in all sectors.

The successful progress of our society and the satisfaction of the

war schemes of imperialism and ensure the peoples' peace and security, freedom and progress.

Comrades,

I express satisfaction once again with the results of the visit of the fraternal DPRK Party and state delegation today at a Czechoslovakia-Korea friendship and solidarity mass rally.

We believe that this visit of yours will contribute to further consolidating the friendship between Czechoslovakia and Korea and to developing mutual cooperation in the interests of the two peoples and in the interests of the joint struggle for socialism and world peace and progress.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, I ask you to convey the warm comradely greetings of the entire working people in Prague and Czechoslovakia to the Workers' Party of Korea and the entire Korean people.

We wholeheartedly wish you many new successes in the struggle to build and defend socialism and in the struggle to achieve the peaceful reunification of your country, the foremost desire of the Korean people.

Long live the working people of the DPRK under the leadership of the WPK!

Long live their leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the WPK Central Committee and DPRK President!

May friendship, solidarity and cooperation between the CCP and the WPK and between the peoples of the CSR and the DPRK be continually strengthened!

May unity and solidarity between socialist countries be further consolidated!

Long live peace and socialism!

After Inspecting the Avia Automobile Enterprise on June 6, 1984;

I warmly congratulate the Czechoslovak working class and the employees of the Avia Automobile Enterprise on their success in the struggle to carry out the Seventh Five-Year Plan and to build a developed socialist society under the leadership of esteemed Comrade Gustav Husak.

At the Prague Palace on June 6, 1984;

I have got a deep impression during our stay at the Prague Palace with a long history and good accommodation.

I offer my gratitude to the workers of the palace for their kind hospitality.

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

Prague

June 7, 1984

Comrade Gustav Husak
General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party
President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic

We are now passing the border of your country after successfully completing our visit to the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, a fraternal country.

I express deep thanks once again to you and to the Czechoslovak Communist Party, Government and people for the warm welcome and cordial hospitality you accorded us and for the support and solidarity you expressed for our people's struggle to reunify our country independently and peacefully.

This visit of the DPRK Party and state delegation to Czechoslovakia will contribute to consolidating and developing the traditional relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and to strengthening the unity of socialist countries.

Very satisfied with the results of the visit to your country, I heartily wish the industrious and courageous Czechoslovak people great victory in their struggle to implement the decisions of the 10th Party

Congress under the leadership of the Czechoslovak Communist Party with you at its head.

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party of
Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE HUNGARIAN
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC**

the ties of brotherly friendship and have been closely supporting each other and cooperating in their struggles against imperialism and for the triumph of the cause of socialism and communism.

Brotherly friendship and solidarity between Korea and Hungary, based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, have been continuously strengthened and developed in the course of history and in the interests of the two peoples.

The fraternal Hungarian people gave our people material and moral support both in the years of our Fatherland Liberation War against the invasion by the US imperialists and their stooges and in the period of our postwar reconstruction.

Our people still vividly remember the indignant voice of the Hungarian people during the Fatherland Liberation War denouncing the aggression and atrocities committed by the US imperialists against Korea. Our people do not forget brotherly friendship shown by the Hungarian people by sending us aid goods with their good wishes and by bringing up our war orphans with the greatest care.

The truly internationalist support and encouragement which came from the Hungarian people in the most trying years for the Korean nation gave our embattled people great strength and inspiration.

The Hungarian people are still giving active support and encouragement to the Korean people in their struggle to build socialism and achieve an independent and peaceful reunification of their country.

Our people treasure friendship and solidarity with the Hungarian people and are firmly resolved to strengthen and develop them without cease.

I am very glad that, when the friendly and cooperative relations between our two peoples are developing favourably, we have come to visit Hungary, the land of our brothers, to extend our friendly relations with Comrade Janos Kadar and other Hungarian Party and Government leaders and to witness the success achieved by the Hungarian people in socialist construction.

Under the leadership of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, the Hungarian people have energetically accelerated the revolution and construction and effected a complete change in the appearance of their

country in the fields of politics, the economy, culture and in all other aspects of their social life.

Hungary which was once backward has now become a socialist country with a solid state and social system, developed industry and agriculture, and the people have attained high material and cultural standards.

Taking pride in their life and work under the socialist system, and united closely behind the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, the Hungarian people are now working hard to carry out successfully the Sixth Five-Year Plan proposed by the 12th Party Congress and to build a developed socialist society.

All the victories and achievements of the Hungarian people in their socialist construction have been attained under the just leadership of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party headed by esteemed Comrade Janos Kadar.

The Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party headed by esteemed Comrade Janos Kadar has led the people's struggle to create a new socialist life wisely by efficiently solving the difficult and complex problems in the revolution and construction.

We value the success and experience of the Hungarian people in the socialist revolution and in the building of socialism as the common wealth of the socialist countries. We sincerely wish you still greater success in your struggle to consolidate the socialist system and build a developed socialist society.

Having repelled the US imperialist aggression, the Korean people have successfully carried out the socialist revolution, stepped up the building of socialism and developed our country into a socialist state which is independent, self-supporting and capable of defending itself.

In accordance with the decisions of the Sixth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, our people are now energetically carrying out the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—in order to achieve the complete victory of socialism, and are marching in a mass movement to attain the ten long-term objectives of socialist economic construction for the 1980's.

Both the Koreans and the Hungarians are peace-loving peoples

For the sake of peace and security in Europe and the rest of the world, the Hungarian people are struggling hard against the US deployment of their new-type medium-range nuclear weapons in Western Europe and for the discontinuation of the arms race.

We actively support the measures which the Party and Government of Hungary have taken jointly with the other socialist countries in order to remove the danger of nuclear war in Europe and preserve peace.

At present, our people are making every possible effort to ease the tension in the Korean peninsula, dispel the danger of war and achieve the peaceful reunification of their country.

We have already proposed to reunify the country peacefully by setting up a Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo. And recently we made a new proposal for tripartite talks between the DPRK, the US and south Korea with a view to easing the tension in our country and Far East Asia and creating the prerequisite for independent and peaceful reunification. We are striving to put this into effect.

The Hungarian Party, Government and people actively support our proposals for the founding of the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo and for the tripartite talks. They are extending firm solidarity with the struggle of our people for national reunification.

For this we express our heartfelt thanks to the Hungarian Party, Government and people.

Comrades and friends,

In order to check and frustrate the imperialist moves for aggression and war and to preserve world peace and security, we must strengthen the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and of the international communist movement.

The socialist countries and the international communist movement are the most powerful revolutionary forces which confront the imperialist reactionary forces at present. They are the decisive factor that gives a strong impetus to the development of human society.

Solidarity is precisely what makes the socialist forces and the international communist movement indestructible.

Today the imperialists are bent on their naked acts of aggression and provocation against the socialist countries. In this situation it is all the

more imperative to strengthen the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement.

The socialist countries and the Communist and Workers' Parties must closely unite, develop a powerful struggle to prevent a new war and to safeguard global peace and security and must actively support and encourage the people who are fighting against imperialist aggression.

Strengthening the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement is a consistent revolutionary line maintained by our Party and the Government of our Republic

To strengthen the brotherly friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Hungarian peoples and to take joint steps in their struggle for the cause of peace against imperialism will contribute greatly to cementing unity and solidarity among the socialist countries

As in the past, so also in the future, our Party and the Government of our Republic will strive in every way for the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism.

Firmly believing that our current visit to Hungary will mark a new epoch in promoting the relations of friendship and cooperation between Korea and Hungary and will contribute to strengthening the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement and to safeguarding world peace, I propose a toast to the lasting friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Hungarian peoples,

to the strengthening and development of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and the prosperity of the Hungarian People's Republic,

to the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries and the international communist movement,

to world peace,

to the health of esteemed Comrade Janos Kadar,

to the health of esteemed Comrade Pal Losonezi,

to the health of Party and Government leaders of Hungary, and

to the health of all other comrades and friends present here.

**SPEECH OF COMRADE JANOS KADAR AT THE
BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF COMRADE
KIM IL SUNG BY THE CC OF THE HSWP, THE
PRESIDENTIAL COUNCIL AND THE COUNCIL
OF MINISTERS OF THE HPR**

June 7, 1984

Most esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Esteemed Korean friends,
Dear comrades,

I have the honour of greeting on behalf of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, the Presidential Council and Council of Ministers of the Hungarian People's Republic and our working people, Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, this highly respected leader of the Korean people and outstanding personality of the international communist and workers movement and the esteemed Korean guests of his delegation.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, thank you for accepting our invitation.

Your visit is an outstanding event in the development of Hungarian-Korean relations.

I am convinced that this visit and our talks and meetings, will contribute a great deal to the development of the many-sided cooperation of our Parties and countries and to the strengthening of friendship between our peoples.

The friendship of Hungarian and Korean workers, our peoples, was born in the hard times after the Second World War, in the years of struggle

for a new socialist society, deepened during the years the Korean people were fighting for their freedom, and has proved its strength ever since.

In spite of the considerable geographical distance between us, our countries and peoples, building socialism, are connected by solidarity and the identity of social aims and international aspirations

Dear comrades,

We Hungarians remember with respect the glorious Fatherland Liberation War of historic importance to the young Democratic People's Republic of Korea in which Korea, with the help of the socialist countries and other progressive forces of the world, repelled imperialist aggression

We are proud that the Hungarian people, too, were a part of the great international solidarity movement which supported your struggle.

We highly appreciate the consistent construction work which turned your despoiled land into a country with a thriving agriculture, dynamically developing industry and flourishing culture

We congratulate you with all our hearts on your achievements and wish you every success in the implementation of your great programme of nation-building

We follow with attention the consistent efforts you are making for the reunification of Korea

The Hungarian People's Republic supports the constructive proposals of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the peaceful and democratic reunification of the country, free from external intervention.

We are on the side of the Korean people in their just struggle against imperialist attempts that are threatening the peace of Asia and of the world

The relations between the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and the Workers' Party of Korea, our Governments, institutions and social organizations are firm and friendly.

We are convinced that the expansion of our relations is in line with our internationalist principles, the interests and desire of our peoples

I am certain that our talks will also prove that there is a mutual wish for the expansion of relations and for the exploration of untapped possibilities

Dear Korean friends,

As for our homeland, the Hungarian People's Republic, we can say that its internal situation is stabilized and that our people positively support the Party's policy.

In accordance with the resolutions of the 12th Congress of the HSWP, we are working to achieve progress in socialist construction in spite of the acute international situation and unfavourable world economic circumstance.

We are directing a great deal of attention to providing conditions for the effective development of the national economy and giving a fuller scope to democracy in our system.

We discuss the objectives, problems to be tackled and tasks to be undertaken, with the working masses and recruit their creativeness into the fulfilment of what has to be done socially.

Close cooperation with the Soviet Union and other socialist countries constitutes an essential external condition for the accomplishment of our aims.

The Warsaw Treaty, of which the HPR is a member state, is, in its foundation, a powerful bulwark for our independence and security and a real earnest of peace in Europe which has existed for nearly 40 years.

The multilateral cooperation being carried out in the framework of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance helps in the successful fulfilment of our economic tasks.

We are also striving to develop economic relations with the countries having differing social systems to our mutual benefit.

Dear comrades and friends,

The present tense international situation fills the peoples of the world with anxiety.

The imperialist attempts to tilt the historically developed balance of power and to acquire military supremacy undermine international security, escalate the armament race and put an additional burden on the peoples.

Together with our allies we are seeking to maintain the balance of power, and in unity with every peace-loving and sober political force, to avert the dangers looming over world peace and halt the armament race.

The foreign policy of the Hungarian People's Republic is determined by our socialist principles and the desire of the Hungarian people for peace.

We will do everything in our power to reduce international tension, maintain dialogue and restore the atmosphere of confidence.

Disputed international questions should be settled through political means by negotiation.

We are seeking to promote disarmament and agreements that ensure the military balance of power at a lower level of armament on the principle of equality and security and to guarantee the security of peoples.

We consider that the recent Budapest Appeal sent by the Warsaw Treaty member states to the NATO member states concerning the non-use of military force and the maintenance of relations of peace is of great significance.

We are convinced that this proposal is in agreement with the interests of all the countries concerned and that agreement will help solve other pressing problems, remove international tensions and ensure world peace.

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,

I hope you and your state will spend pleasant days in our country, a country of cordial hospitality.

I should also like to ask you, when you arrive back home, to convey the warm greetings and best regards of the Hungarian communists and our people to the WPK Central Committee, DPRK Government and fraternal Korean people.

Allow me to propose a toast to the friendship of the Hungarian and Korean peoples,

to the strengthening of relations between the PWP and the DPRK and between the HPP and the DPRK.

to the health of Comrade Kim Il Sung, and

to the health of the friendly Korean guests and their parents.

THE GREAT LEADER COMRADE KIM IL SŬNG'S
WRITTEN COMMENTS DURING HIS
VISIT TO HUNGARY

*At the Government Guest House in King Bela Street on
June 8, 1984;*

I have spent impressive days at this well-furnished guest house during my sojourn in Budapest which has a beautiful scenery.

I express my thanks to the workers of the guest house in King Bela Street for their kind and sincere hospitality.

*On a Hungarian Train When He Left Hungary on June
9, 1984;*

After a successful visit to Hungary, I am leaving this country with pleasant feelings.

From the moment of arrival in this land we have made a pleasant journey by train, being guided kindheartedly by the Hungarian comrades.

I express my thanks to the Hungarian comrades and the workers of this train for their sincere guiding.

A MESSAGE OF THANKS

Budapest

June 9, 1984

Comrade Janos Kadar
First Secretary of the Central Committee of
the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party

Comrade Pal Losonezi
President of the Presidential Council of
the Hungarian People's Republic

I am greatly satisfied with our successful visit to Hungary which took place amid the sincere and cordial hospitality of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, Government and people.

Upon leaving your beautiful country, I extend deep thanks once again to you and, through you, to the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and Government and the entire Hungarian people

We believe that our delegation's visit to Hungary will make a great contribution to developing the traditional relations of friendship and cooperation between Korea and Hungary to a higher degree

Convinced that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples will further expand and develop in the future, I heartily wish you and the fraternal Hungarian people greater success in the future struggle

Kim Il Sung
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the Workers' Party of
Korea
President of the Democratic People's
Republic of Korea

**THE OFFICIAL GOODWILL
VISIT TO THE SOCIALIST
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
YUGOSLAVIA**

his life to the revolutionary cause of the working class and also to the liberty and emancipation of the people. He was the Yugoslav people's outstanding leader who pioneered the road of socialism in Yugoslavia. Although he has passed away, his cause is being gloriously carried forward by the Yugoslav people today.

By taking over the cause of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the state leadership and the people of Yugoslavia continue to go forward with strength, firmly maintaining, as the immutable bases of their home and foreign policies the friendship and solidarity among the different nations in their country, socialist autonomy and non-alignment. They are successfully carrying out the long-term economic stability plan for greater national prosperity.

We rejoice at the Yugoslav people's great success in building a new society just as we do at our own success. We heartily wish them greater victories in their future struggle to implement the decisions of the 12th Congress of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia.

Comrades and friends,

Non-alignment is a progressive movement which embodies the noble idea of independence against imperialism. It is a powerful revolutionary force of our time which is opposed to the imperialist reactionary forces. Today, the extension and development of the non-aligned movement is of great significance in safeguarding the sovereignty of the non-aligned countries, in thwarting the imperialist moves for aggression and war and in preserving world peace and security.

In order to extend and develop the non-aligned movement, all the non-aligned nations must adhere to Chajusong and strengthen the solidarity of this movement. Strengthening this solidarity is all the more urgent today when the imperialists are bent on their subtle machinations to divide the non-aligned countries and to pit them against one another.

All the non-aligned nations must regard solidarity as most important; they must strive to strengthen the solidarity of the non-aligned movement and also must take concerted action to crush the imperialist moves to divide and set them against one another.

The non-aligned countries must unite closely and struggle with determination to destroy the outdated international economic order

which is a product of colonialism and which is the lever of imperialist exploitation and plunder, and to establish a new and fair international economic order

So long as the old international economic order exists, the non-aligned and developing countries can neither avoid imperialist exploitation and plunder nor are they able to develop their national economies rapidly. The non-aligned countries must eliminate the source of international exploitation once and for all by their powerful efforts to destroy the old international economic order and set up a new one in its place.

Since developed Western capitalist countries are reluctant to accept a new international economic order, we deem it necessary for the non-aligned and developing countries to promote active economic and technical cooperation and interchange among themselves. These countries should work out practical measures for diverse economic and technical cooperation and exchange on the principles of catering for each other's needs and of collective self-reliance, and they should implement these measures with credit.

Only when they eliminate the evil consequences of imperialist colonial rule speedily and build independent national economies by strengthening economic and technical cooperation and exchange, will the non-aligned and developing countries be able to consolidate the political independence which they have already won and firmly maintain Chajusong in all spheres of state activity.

We highly esteem the fact that Yugoslavia, one of the founders of the non-aligned movement, is making a large contribution to expanding and developing this movement.

As in the past, so also in the future, the Government of our People's Republic will make strenuous efforts to adhere strictly to the basic principles of the non-aligned movement and to strengthen solidarity and cooperation with the other non-aligned countries.

Preventing war and safeguarding world peace and security is at present the most urgent task for the peoples of the socialist and non-aligned countries and all other peace-loving people around the world. By closely uniting and launching a powerful anti-war, anti-racism peace movement, they should improve the situation and convert all the

continents of the world into continents where peace reigns.

We actively support the efforts of your country to set up a nuclear-free zone in the Balkan area and convert the Mediterranean into a zone of peace and cooperation.

Today the Korean peninsula is an area of extreme tension in Asia.

While vigorously accelerating socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, our Party, the Government of our Republic and the Korean people are fighting to dispel the tension in the Korean peninsula and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

This is a struggle to establish national sovereignty throughout the country and defend peace and security in Asia and the rest of the world.

In the international arena the Yugoslav Party and state leadership are carrying out many activities in support of our people's cause for national reunification and are giving active support to our recent proposal for the tripartite talks, which is aimed at easing the tension in the Korean peninsula and at creating prerequisites for the independent and peaceful reunification of our country. We are very grateful to you for this.

We will broadly discuss the matters of our common concern during this visit to your country. I think this will be a new opportunity to work out a more concrete strategy for the joint struggle for peace, socialism and non-alignment and to increase and develop mutual cooperation.

Repeating my thanks to you for your warm welcome and hospitality at this place which is so filled with friendly feelings, I would like to propose a toast to the unbreakable fraternal friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples,

to the prosperity of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,
to solidarity among the world people who advocate Chajusong,
to world peace,

to the long life and good health of esteemed Comrade Veselin Djuranovic,

to the health of state leaders of Yugoslavia, and

to the health of all other comrades and friends present here.

**SPEECH OF COMRADE VESELIN DJURANOVIC AT
THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF
COMRADE KIM IL SUNG**

June 9, 1984

Esteemed Comrade President,
Dear friends,

Allow me to take this opportunity of welcoming you most heartily in the name of the Presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and of wishing you pleasant days in your stay here

I have the honour of welcoming Comrade Kim Il Sung, a recognized old friend of Yugoslavia, early in my term of office

Today our country expresses deep respect for the struggle waged by you against fascism during the Second World War, the role you played in the struggle for founding your Party and country and developing them, your efforts for achieving the reunification of the Korean people and your activities for attaining the aims of the non-aligned policy

It is a cherished memory that you met with President Tito and laid the foundation of friendship and cooperation between our two countries

We are now faced with the task of further consolidating and developing the precious gains of mutual understanding and trust, equality and cooperation which we attained in the past

Your visit not only demonstrates, at the highest level, the readiness of the two sides to attain all these common targets but it also gives impetus to it.

In order to achieve our common aims we are required to get to know each other better and confirm where both of us are most interest

Though our two developing countries are each faced by ob-

difficulties, they share much of the lever for mutually beneficial economic cooperation and this cooperation is in conformity with the overall interests of world progress.

I believe that as we are both interested in developing cooperation in this field as well as in other important fields, we will continue to progress along these lines in the future.

Comrade President,

The peoples of our two countries have chosen the way of building a socialist society to fit in with the specific conditions of their countries.

They give priority to their independence, integrity and autonomous right to decide the direction of their development in their own way and they are linked together by many similarities in purpose.

We are following with special interest the great successes achieved by the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, an independent, socialist and non-aligned country, under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by you. Many of us have visited your country and witnessed these achievements. We wish you a new greater success on this road.

We will unvaryingly maintain the line chosen in the course of carrying out the socialist revolution and socialist construction under the leadership of Tito. This means steadily developing the socialist autonomy, achieving the prosperity of our multinational community on the principle of fraternity and unity and strengthening its non-aligned international position. We hope for a closer cooperation with your country and all other non-aligned countries in the implementation of the policy of non-alignment.

Cooperation between peoples is not only their desire but also an urgent demand of our times. This cooperation involves the common interests of all countries, irrespective of their internal systems, the stands they maintain in international relations, their strength and sizes.

These interests have something to do with universal peace, universal security and progress which are directly menaced by the great crisis in the present political and economic relations of the world.

The most serious examples are the confrontation of blocs, the arms race which is daily escalating to a dangerous point, and the sources of

conflicts and crises which far from being resolved, are expanding

The situation demands that talks be resumed between the super-powers at the earliest possible date, that confidence be restored and the process of detente revived *in all regions of the world and in all fields of international relations*

Yugoslavia, a socialist and non-aligned country located in one part of the European continent where the largest quantities of nuclear weapons and all other kinds of arms are stockpiled, and which is most sharply divided between the opposing blocs, has a vital interest in disarmament, detente and the removal of the danger of war. Our activity is primarily directed to the creation of confidence throughout the world. This cannot be realized without complete equality and the people's right to decide what their destiny should be free from outside threats or pressures

Yugoslavia consistently calls for a peaceful solution to disputes and for respect for the sovereignty of nations and their territorial integrity

The non-aligned countries should strictly maintain a consistent stand on the disputes and the problems of using weapons in any part of the world.

Today we express particular apprehension about the escalation of the Iraq-Iran war and the aggravation of the situation in the Gulf region which is at a dangerous stage.

If the legal right of the two peoples to develop peacefully is to be realized, an early end must be put to this conflict.

The danger that graver consequences might be brought about demands this urgently

The world would be too narrow for all nations to suppose that they are living in peace and quiet in their own regions

The international community as a whole should make the greatest efforts to eliminate, fairly and honourably, the sources of crisis to be found *in various areas of the world, the Middle East crisis in particular*; it should recognize the inviolable right of the Palestinian people, and see that Namibia becomes independent at an early date and the right of the people to develop free of outside influence or pressure is respected. The non-aligned movement should take an active part in it and play a prominent role.

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All this shows that the active, peace-loving and reconciliatory policy of your country conforms with the relaxation of tensions and is in accord with the defence of peace and security on the Korean peninsula and in other areas.

Yugoslavia has always fully supported the proposals put forward by you, Comrade President, to reunify the country peacefully by means of talks without outside interference and the activity of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for putting them into effect. We support not only in the international political arena but also in other fields, the proposals of your country for holding tripartite talks and pulling down the artificial barriers dividing the Korean people.

We will also take an active part in the solution of the reunification question of Korea at the international assemblies including the United Nations and the non-aligned movement in future.

Today we think that the warning of the non-aligned countries has always had substance, the warning that the ever widening differences between the levels of development of different countries and the inequalities of their economic relations will bring about a deterioration of international relations and the creation of problems.

All this shows how vast the field of cooperation between our two countries and other non-aligned countries is and what great significance the non-aligned policy and the non-aligned movement assume today. Its ground was established by the programme of action adopted at the New Delhi Summit Conference and by the great prestige of the non-aligned movement, an independent and non-aligned factor, in the world.

I firmly believe that our present meeting will provide a new impetus for the successful development of friendly relations and overall cooperation in the future.

Allow me to propose a toast:

to your good health and long life and happiness,
to the health of those accompanying you,
to the further prosperity of the people of the DPRK, and
to our friendship.

**COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT THE BANQUET
GIVEN BY PRESIDENT OF THE PRESIDENCY OF
THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE LEAGUE OF
COMMUNISTS OF YUGOSLAVIA**

June 10, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Dragoslav Markovic,
Esteemed leaders of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia,
Comrades and friends,

We are very pleased, on this visit to friendly Yugoslavia, to have significant meetings with Comrade Dragoslav Markovic and other leaders of your Party and to strengthen the bonds of friendship between our two Parties and two peoples.

Allow me to express my deep thanks to you for the cordial hospitality you have shown us and for the kind and inspiring speech Comrade Dragoslav Markovic has just delivered.

Also allow me to take this opportunity to convey the fraternal greetings of our Party and the Korean people to the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and to the Yugoslav people.

The Workers' Party of Korea and the League of Communists of Yugoslavia are struggling, supporting and cooperating with each other as comrades, for their common goal and ideal.

The important common tasks which confront our two Parties and the communists of our two countries at present are to accomplish the cause of building socialism and communism in accordance with the aspirations and desires of the peoples, oppose war and safeguard world peace and security.

The League of Communists of Yugoslavia which has the brilliant tradition of its anti-fascist liberation struggle is firmly safeguarding peace and national sovereignty in opposition to aggression and war. It is

progressing forcefully with the building of socialism based on self-government by carrying forward the cause of Comrade Josip Broz Tito who was a stalwart fighter for the people's liberty and emancipation and for peace and who was an outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people.

The League of Communists of Yugoslavia is successfully carrying out the long-term economic stability plan for greater national prosperity by strengthening solidarity among the working class and the different nations in the country and bravely overcoming its difficulties on the principle of self-reliance.

We highly esteem the successes of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and her people in the struggle for socialist progress. We are convinced that you will achieve greater success in your struggle to implement the decisions of the 12th Congress of your League.

The League of Communists of Yugoslavia and her people are now working tirelessly to ease the tension in Europe and preserve peace.

We actively support the Yugoslav proposals which are aimed at easing the tension in Europe and preserving peace, setting up a nuclear-free zone in Central Europe and in the Balkans and converting the Mediterranean into a zone of peace and cooperation. We express our firm solidarity with you in your struggle to put them into effect.

The revolutionary cause of the working class to build a socialist and communist society is successfully progressing in our country, too.

Under the leadership of our Party the Korean people have successfully carried out the revolutionary tasks of many stages in their struggle to build a new society and, in a short period in history, they have developed their country, once backward, into a socialist state with a solid independent national economy, brilliant national culture and self-reliant defence power.

Today our people are dynamically carrying out the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—in order to realize the programme of communist construction put forward by the Workers' Party of Korea at its Sixth Congress. Our Party educates and remoulds people in a communist way by putting particular stress on the ideological revolution. Thus it unites them closely behind itself and continuously increases the revolutionary zeal and creativity of the

working people in the building of socialism.

Firmly convinced of the victory of the cause of socialism and communism, and in accordance with Party policy, all our Party members and working people advance with strength, effecting continuous innovations and improvement on all fronts of socialist construction.

Our Party and people are making strenuous efforts to ease the tension and prevent war in the Korean peninsula and to achieve a peaceful settlement of the Korean question. As you well know, our Party and the Government of our Republic proposed to reunify the country peacefully by establishing the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo. Recently they made a new proposal for tripartite talks between the DPRK, the United States and the south Korean authorities.

This new proposal truly represents the peace stand which is maintained consistently by our Party and the Government of our Republic.

The Yugoslav Party and people have always expressed their firm solidarity with our people in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of our country, and are still actively supporting our proposal for the tripartite talks. This greatly encourages our Party and people.

Continuously strengthening and developing the non-aligned movement is the common aspiration of the Parties and peoples of our two countries and is a sacred cause for world peace.

Our Party and people will closely unite with Yugoslavia and all the other non-aligned countries and make every possible effort to uphold the idea of non-alignment and steadily extend and develop this movement.

The Parties and peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia support and cooperate closely with each other in the common cause for the construction of socialism and communism and for the victory of the non-aligned movement.

The relations of friendship and cooperation between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples are really voluntary and comradely relations, which make a valuable contribution to accelerating socialist construction in the two countries and to extending and developing the non-aligned movement.

On our current visit to your country, we have become convinced that the relations of friendship and cooperation between our two countries—

socialist and non-aligned—will, in future, expand and develop in all fields of politics, the economy and culture still further.

As in the past, so also in the future, our Party, the Government of our Republic and the Korean people will wage a powerful joint struggle for peace, democracy, national independence and socialism, in close cooperation with the peoples of Yugoslavia and the other socialist countries and the non-aligned countries and all other progressive peoples of the world.

Repeating my thanks to you for your warm hospitality, I would like to propose a toast to the indestructible brotherly friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples,

to the strengthening and development of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia,

to a long life and good health of esteemed Comrade Dragoslav Markovic,

to the health of the leaders of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, and

to the health of all other comrades and friends present here.

**SPEECH OF COMRADE DRAGOSLAV MARKOVIC AT
THE BANQUET GIVEN IN HONOUR OF
COMRADE KIM IL SUNG**

June 10, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,
Dear comrades and friends,

I am very satisfied to extend our warm greetings to you, on behalf of the Presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and on my own behalf. I welcome you wholeheartedly and hope that you will have a pleasant time during your stay in our country.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, you must have seen that we are again receiving you cordially as a close friend of ours just as we did on your previous visit to Yugoslavia.

I am very pleased that these meetings and exchanges of views have become a familiar practice in the relations between Yugoslavia and Korea. These meetings and exchanges of views have shown that our cooperation is developing on a higher level and have always given an impetus to the strengthening and development of this cooperation.

We are convinced that your present visit will greatly contribute to the more successful development of the relations and cooperation between the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and the Workers' Party of Korea and between our two countries which are socialist and non-aligned. This has been proved by our sincere, friendly and meaningful talks. Your current visit is of broader international significance because it is an important factor in strengthening the socialist bloc and the non-aligned movement.

The relations between the LCI and the WPK are based on mutual

respect, understanding and trust. This is the result of the efforts of our two Parties which have developed their relations over many years by maintaining the consistent principles of sovereignty, independence, and equality and the principle of respecting the differences in their internal development and international positions.

Comrade Tito and Comrade Kim Il Sung laid the foundations of the principles governing the relations between the LCY and the WPK and between our two countries. I would like to stress that to develop steadily the friendly relations between Yugoslavia and Korea on this basis is a consistent line of the LCY and our country.

Comrade President Kim Il Sung, our people sincerely admire and respect you, the great leader of the Korean people and the symbol of their heroic struggle for freedom, independence and peaceful reunification.

We rejoice sincerely at all the achievements made by the Korean people in socialist construction. The Democratic People's Republic of Korea, as an independent and peace-loving socialist and non-aligned country, is building socialism in conformity with its individual conditions and specific features under your leadership. The decisions of the Sixth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea mean that your country continues to build socialism on the basis of its own experience, and this is conducive to the overall development of socialism as a world process. We wish the Korean people and the WPK great success in fulfilling all their tasks. We support your proposals for the peaceful reunification of the country.

Yugoslavia and the LCY are consistently advancing along the road pioneered by Tito. At the present stage of our development, the LCY and other organized autonomous socialist forces in our country are striving for the steady development of relations of socialist self-government and for strengthening the material foundations of our social development.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, a dear friend of ours, the talks held between us show that though our two countries, socialist and non-aligned countries, are far apart geographically and have peculiarities in their development, they are very close to each other and have the same views on many problems. This is a guarantee for more successfully developing our cooperation with each passing day. The talks between us have con-

firmed that we see the non-aligned movement as the best way to overcome confrontation between blocs in international relations, to preserve peace, independence and security, and to promote free social and economic progress in all countries

Under present conditions, all the peoples want world peace and cooperation, which are conditions for their future and basic factors for the further successful development of socialism as a world process. It is particularly important that the relations among Communist and Workers' Parties, other progressive political parties and movements in the world should be based on the consistent principles of self-government, independence and equality, and on the principle of each party assuming responsibility for its own working class and people. This is a prerequisite for the development of really voluntary cooperation and unity among them as well as the best way of strengthening socialism as a world process.

Dear Comrade Kim Il Sung, allow me to propose a toast to your good health, long life and happiness,

to the good health of your suite and all guests present here,

to the friendship between the peoples of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

**COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S SPEECH AT
THE CEREMONY OF AWARDING THE TITLE OF
HONORARY CITIZENSHIP OF BELGRADE**

June 11, 1984

Esteemed Comrade Veselin Djuranovic,
Esteemed Comrade Dragoslav Markovic,
Esteemed Comrade Bogdan Bogdanovic,

Allow me to express my warm thanks to the Belgrade City Assembly and its citizens for the title of honorary citizenship of Belgrade conferred on me by the Belgrade City Assembly today.

This title of honorary citizenship is a bright symbol of brotherly friendship between the peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia as well as a token of the deep trust you place in us.

Comrade Bogdan Bogdanovic has estimated our work highly and has just said very kind words in compliment to us. I have been deeply moved and greatly encouraged by the feelings of comradeship and the deep trust you have shown us.

We will always remember your high estimation and trust and strive to strengthen and develop the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia without cease.

Allow me to take this opportunity to convey the enthusiastic greetings and best wishes of the Pyongyang citizens and all the Korean people to the Belgrade citizens and the Yugoslav people.

We are very pleased on this occasion to have seen that the Yugoslav Party and state leadership and her people, the heirs to the cause of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, are strengthening friendship and solidarity among the people of different nationalities in their country and striving to